## ANNEXURE 1

## SYLLABUS

## BASIC B. Sc NURSING



## BABA GHULAM SHAH BADSHAH UNIVERSITY RAJOURI-(J&K)

Established by Government of Jammu & Kashmir Recognized by UGC under section 2(f) and 12(B)

## **Programme Outcomes:**

On the completion of the four year B.Sc. Nursing program the nursing graduate will be able to:

- **PO1.** Integrate comprehension of nursing standards of excellence within the context of nursing skills and practice.
- **PO2.** Recognize the need for the advancement of professional practice through contributions to education, administration, health care policy, and knowledge development.
- PO3. Demonstrate caring, culturally responsive leadership communication
- **PO4.** Effectively lead interdisciplinary healthcare teams by applying knowledge of professional nursing leadership roles in the healthcare system.
- **PO5.** Demonstrate effective communication using principles of disciplined writing.
- **PO6.** Demonstrate cognizant knowledge of inter-professional healthcare leadership roles for quality healthcare outcomes.
- **PO7.** Demonstrate nursing leadership to facilitate interpersonal collaborations, conflict resolution, and team-building in health care systems
- **PO8.** Advocate policy decisions to improve healthcare that is effective, timely, efficient, and equitable for all members of society.
- **PO9.** Demonstrate an understanding of competent ethical principles and values of nursing practice.
- **PO10.** Work with dedication towards advancing a culture of professional excellence and achievement through lifelong learning.

## **Programme Specific Outcomes:**

## **PSOs of BSc Nursing**

- **PSO1.** Apply knowledge from physical, biological, and behavioural sciences, medicine including alternative systems, and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- **PSO2.** Demonstrate understanding of life-style and other factors, which affect health of individuals and groups.
- **PSO3.** Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.
- **PSO4.** Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
- **PSO5.** Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- **PSO6.** Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the national health policies and programmes.
- **PSO7.** Practice within the framework of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- **PSO8.** Communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationships and teamwork.
- **PSO9.** Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical/community health settings.
- **PSO10.** Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- **PSO11.** Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical/ community health settings.
- **PSO12.** Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
- **PSO13.** Demonstrate awareness, interest, and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.

## **COURSE STRUCTURE**

## **B. Sc Nursing (2016 -2020)**

## First Year B. Sc Nursing

S.No	Subjects	Theory Hours	Practical/ Clinical Hours	Hours
1	English	60		
2	Anatomy	60		
3	Physiology	60		
4	Nutrition	60		
5	Biochemistry	30		
6	Nursing Foundations	265 + 200	450	
7	Psychology	60		
8	Microbiology	60		
9	Introduction to Computers	45		
10	Library work/ Self Study			65
11	Co-curricular activities			65
	Total	930	450	130
	Total Hours		1480 HRS	

## Second Year B. Sc Nursing

S.No	Course Title	Theory	Practical/	Hours
		Hours	<b>Clinical Hours</b>	
1	Sociology	60		
2	Pharmacology	45		
3	Pathology	30		
4	Genetics	15		
5	Medical Surgical Nursing I	210	720	
6	Community Health Nursing I	90	135	
7	Communication and Educational Technology	60 + 30		
8	Library work/ Self Study			50
9	Co- curricular activities			35
	Total	540	855	85
	Total Hour	s = 1480 HRS	<u> </u>	1

## **Scheme of Examination**

## First Year

## Distribution of Subjects and Marks for Internal Assessment and University Examination for First Year B. Sc Nursing

<b>Course Code</b>	Subject	Hours	Internal	University	Total
			Assessment	Examination	
	Theory				
NUR101	<ol> <li>Anatomy and Physiology</li> </ol>	3	25	75	100
NUR102	2. Nutrition and	3	25	75	100
	Biochemistry				
NUR103	3. Nursing Foundations	3	25	75	100
NUR104	4. Psychology	3	25	75	100
NUR105	5. Microbiology	3	25	75	100
NUR106	6. English	3	25	75	100
NUR107	7. Introduction to Computers		25	75*	100*
	Practical and VivaVoce		Internal	University	Total
			Assessment	Examination	
NUR103(Pr*)	Nursing Foundations		100	100	200

<sup>\*</sup>Practical

\*\* Respective colleges/ departments will conduct examination for "Introduction to Computer" as college examination. Marks to be sent to the Examination wing of the university through Principal, Nursing College Rajouri.

Note: All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas. One internal and one external should jointly conduct practical/ clinical examination for each student.

Second Year

Distribution of Subjects and Marks for Internal Assessment and University Examination for Second Year B. Sc Nursing

<b>Course Code</b>	Subject	Hours	Internal	University	Total
			Assessment	Examination	
	Theory				
NUR201	8. Sociology	3	25	75	100
NUR202	9. Medical Surgical Nursing I	3	25	75	100
NUR203	10. Pharmacology, Pathology,	3	25	75	100
	Genetics				
NUR204	11. Community Health	3	25	75	100
	Nursing I				
NUR205	12. Communication and	3	25	75	100
	Educational Technology				
	Practical and VivaVoce		Internal	University	Total
			Assessment	Examination	
NUR202(Pr*)	2. Medical Surgical Nursing I		100	100	200

<sup>\*</sup>Practical

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## BABA GHULAM SHAH BADSHAH UNIVERSITY, RAJOURI-(J&K)

Established by Government of Jammu & Kashmir Recognized by UGC under section 2(f) and 12(B)

**Anatomy** 

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 60 Hours Course code: - Nur101

Course Description: The course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal Structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical

structures in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities	methods
I	5	Describe the anatomical terms, organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues, and membranes of glands.	Introduction to Anatomical terms organizations of the human body Basic Construction of human body Levels of organisation Functional categories of body systems Relationship between anatomy and physiology Anatomical positions Regional and directional terms Body planes and sections Body cavities  • Human Cell structure • Tissues-Definition, Types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and formation • Membranes and glands - classification and structure Alterations in disease Applications and Implications in Nursing	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain using         charts,         microscopic         slides, Skeleton         and torso</li> <li>Demonstrate         cells, types of         tissues,         membranes and         glands</li> <li>Record book</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

II	6	Describe the	The Skeletal System	• Lecture	• Essay
		structure	Bones-types, structure, Axial &	Discussion	type
		and function	Appendicular Skeleton,		• Short
		of bones	Bone formation and growth.	<ul> <li>Explain using</li> </ul>	answer
		and joints.	Description of bones.	charts, skeleton,	questions
			Joints-classifications and	loose bones and	_
			structure	joints	• Objective
			Synovial joint and types		type
			Alterations in disease	<ul> <li>Record book</li> </ul>	
			Applications and Implications in		
			nursing		
			-		
			Functions, Classification of		
			bone		
			Macroscopic, microscopic		
			structure of the bone		
			Matrix of the bone, Bone cells		
			Periosteum		
			Ossification     Ossification contant		
			<ul><li>Ossification center</li><li>Types of the</li></ul>		
			ossification		
			Laws of ossification		
			Long bone		
			o Parts of the long bone		
			<ul> <li>Blood supply of the</li> </ul>		
			long bone		
			Factors regulating the bone		
			growth		
			Applied aspects  Picture		
			<ul><li>Rickets</li><li>Osteomalacia</li></ul>		
			<ul><li>Osteomalacia</li><li>Osteoporosis</li></ul>		
			Osteoporosis     Trauma and Injury		
			o Achondroplasia		
			o Bone remodeling		
			Joints		
			• Definition		
			• Types		
			<ul> <li>Synarthroses</li> </ul>		
			■ Fibrous		
			<ul> <li>Cartilaginous</li> </ul>		

			<ul><li>Diarthroses</li><li>Synovial joint (in detail)</li></ul>		
III	7	Describe the structure and function of muscles	<ul> <li>Types and structure of muscles.</li> <li>Muscle groups</li> <li>Muscular tissues</li> <li>Axial skeletal and joints</li> <li>Bones of the upper limb <ul> <li>Identification features, parts, ossification</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bones of the lower limb <ul> <li>Identification features, parts, ossification</li> </ul> </li> <li>Joints of <ul> <li>Upper limb</li> <li>Lower limb</li> <li>Axial skeleton</li> </ul> </li> <li>Muscles, nerves and vessels (brief outline) <ul> <li>Upper limb</li> <li>Lower limb</li> <li>Axial muscles</li> </ul> </li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain using         Charts, Models,         and films.</li> <li>Demonstrate         muscular         movements.</li> <li>Record Book</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
IV	6	Describe the structure & function of nervous system	The Nervous System  ■ Somatic Nervous System  □ Structure of  - brain, spinal cord,  - cranial nerves, Spinal nerves  - peripheral nerves  • Autonomic Nervous System,  - Sympathetic,  parasympathetic	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain using         Models, charts,         Slides, Specimens</li> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>□ Structure, location</li> <li>□ Structure of neurons neuroglia</li> <li>Coverings of the brain with Dural venous sinuses (brief outline)</li> <li>• Spinal cord (general features)</li> <li>• Brain stem(brief outline)         <ul> <li>○ Midbrain, pons, medulla oblongata</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Cerebellum         <ul> <li>○ External features</li> <li>○ Functions</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Cerebrum         <ul> <li>○ External features (all the surfaces)</li> <li>○ Functional areas</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Subarachnoid grey matter (only external features and functions)         <ul> <li>○ Basal nuclei</li> <li>○ Thalamus</li> <li>○ Hypothalamus</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Blood supply of the brain</li> <li>• Autonomic Nervous System</li> </ul> Alterations in disease Applications and implication in nursing		
			nursing		
V	6	Explain the structure & functions of sensory organs.	<ul> <li>The Sensory Organs</li> <li>Structure of skin, eye, ear nose, tongue, (Auditory and olfactory apparatus)</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Application and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion.</li> <li>Explain using         Models, Charts,         Slides, Specimens</li> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

VI	7	Describe the structure & function of circulatory and lymphatic system.	<ul> <li>Circulatory and lymphatic system</li> <li>The Circulatory System</li> <li>Blood - Microscopic Structure.</li> <li>Structure of Hear (Anatomy, location, size)</li> <li>Structure of blood vessels – arterial and Venous System.</li> <li>Circulation: systemic, pulmonary, coronary.</li> <li>Lymphatic system.</li> <li>Lymphatic vessels and lymph.</li> <li>Lymphatic tissues.</li> <li>Thymus gland.</li> <li>Lymph nodes.</li> <li>Spleen.</li> <li>Lymphatic nodules.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain using         Models, charts,         Slides, Specimens</li> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
VII	5	Describe the structure & functions of respirator system.      Describe the structure of the structure o	<ul> <li>Structure of the organs of respiration.</li> <li>Muscles of respiration:         <ul> <li>Intercostals and Diaphragm.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Alterations in disease         <ul> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion</li> <li>Explain using     Models, torso,     Charts, Slides,     Specimens</li> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Essay</li> </ul>
, , , , ,		structure & functions of digestive system.	Structure of Alimentary tract and	Discussion  Explain using Models, torso, Charts, Slides, Specimens  Record book	type Short answer questions Objective type.
IX	4	Describe the structure & functions of	Structure of organs in Urinary	<ul><li>Lecture     Discussion</li><li>Explain using</li></ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short</li></ul>

		excretory system.	- Kidney, Ureters, Urinary bladder, Urethra. Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Models, Charts, Slides, Specimens Record book.	answer questions  Objective type
X	4	Describe the structure & functions of endocrine system.	<ul> <li>The Endocrine system</li> <li>Structure of Pituitary, Pancreas,         Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus and Adrenal glands.     </li> <li>Alterations in disease         Applications and implications in nursing.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion</li> <li>Explain using     Models, torso,     Charts, Slides,     Specimens</li> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer question.</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
XI	4	Describe the structure & functions of reproductive system.	<ul> <li>The Reproductive system including breast</li> <li>Structure of female reproductive organs.</li> <li>Structure of male reproductive organs.</li> <li>Structure of breast.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion     </li> <li>Explain using         Models, Charts,         Slides, Specimens     </li> <li>Record book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer question.</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

Physiology

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 60 Hours **Course code: - Nur101** 

**Course Description:** The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal Physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology

in diseases and practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	4	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	<ul> <li>Cell Physiology</li> <li>Tissue-formation, repair.</li> <li>Membranes and glands-functions.</li> <li>Homeostasis Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	Lecture     Discussion	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type questions</li> </ul>
II	4	Describe the bone formation, growth and movements of skeletal system.	<ul> <li>Skeletal System</li> <li>Bones formations &amp; growth.</li> <li>Bone –Functions and movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, bone healing.</li> <li>Joints and joint movement.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain using         charts, models,         and films.</li> <li>Demonstration         of joint         movements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type questions</li> </ul>
III	4	Describe the muscle movements, tone and demonstrate muscle contraction	Muscular System  • Muscle movements Muscle tone, Physiology of muscle contraction, levels and maintenance of posture Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion</li> <li>Explain using     charts, models,     and films.</li> <li>Demonstration     of muscle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type questions</li> </ul>

		and tone.		movements, tone, and contraction.		
IV	7	<ul> <li>Describe the physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, brain, cranial and spinal nerves.</li> <li>Demonstrat e reflex action and stimulus.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nervous System</li> <li>Functions of Neurologia &amp; neurons.</li> <li>Stimulus and nerve impulse:     Definitions and mechanism.</li> <li>Functions of brain, spinal cord, cranial and spinal nerves.</li> <li>Cerebrospinal fluid- Formation, Composition, circulation and function.</li> <li>Reflex arc, Reflex action and reflexes.</li> <li>Autonomic functions-     Pain: somatic, visceral, and referred.     Autonomic learning and biofeedback.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain using         charts, models,         and films.</li> <li>Demonstrate         nerve         stimulation,         reflex action, and         reflexes.</li> </ul>	type	e ort wer ective
V	8	<ul> <li>Describe the physiology of blood and functions of heart.</li> <li>Demonstrate blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hb, B.P., and pulse monitoring.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Circulatory System</li> <li>Blood formation, composition, blood groups, blood coagulation.</li> <li>Haemoglobin: Structure, Synthesis &amp; breakdown, Variation of molecules, estimations.</li> <li>Functions of Heart, Conduction, Cardiac cycle, circulation Principles, Control, factors influencing BP and pulse.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion.</li> <li>Explain using charts, films.</li> <li>Demonstration of blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Haemoglobin estimation, Heart conduction system.</li> <li>Measurement of B.P, Pulse.</li> </ul>	type	e ort wer ective

VI	6	<ul> <li>Describe the physiology and mechanisms of respiration.</li> <li>Demonstrate spirometry.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Respiratory System</li> <li>Functions of respiratory organs.</li> <li>Physiology of respiration.</li> <li>Pulmonary ventilation, Volume.</li> <li>Mechanics of respiration.</li> <li>Gaseous exchange in lungs.</li> <li>Carriage of oxygen &amp; carbondioxide.</li> <li>Exchange of gases in tissues.</li> <li>Regulation of respiration.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion.     </li> <li>Explain using charts, films.</li> <li>Demonstration of spirometry.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type questions</li> </ul>
VII	6	<ul> <li>Describe the physiology of digestive system.</li> <li>Demonstrate BMR.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Digestive System</li> <li>Functions of organs of digestive tract, Movement of alimentary tract, Digestion in mouth, stomach,</li> <li>small intestines, Large intestines, Absorption of food, functions of liver, gall bladder &amp; pancreas</li> <li>Metabolism of carbohydrates, protein and fat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion.</li> <li>Explain using     charts, films.</li> <li>Demonstration     of BMR</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
VIII	5	Describe the physiology of excretory system.	<ul> <li>The Excretory System</li> <li>Function of kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder &amp; urethra.</li> <li>Composition of urine.</li> <li>Mechanism of urine formation.</li> <li>Functions of skin in excretion.</li> <li>Regulation of body temperature.</li> <li>Fluid and electrolyte balance and imbalance.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion.     </li> <li>Explain using charts, films.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

IX	4	Describe the physiology of sensory organs.	<ul> <li>The Sensory Organs</li> <li>Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion.</li> <li>Explain using     charts, films.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
X	5	Describe the physiology of endocrine glands.	<ul> <li>The Endocrine system</li> <li>Functions of Pituitary, pineal body, thymus, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, Suprarenal, Placenta and Ovaries &amp; Testes, adrenal gland.</li> <li>Alterations in disease</li> <li>Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion.</li> <li>Explain using     charts, films.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
XI	5	Describe the physiology of female and male reproductive system.	<ul> <li>The Reproductive system</li> <li>Reproduction of cells-DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis, spermatogenesis, oogenesis.</li> <li>Functions of female reproductive organs; functions of breast, female sexual cycle, Physiology of menstruation.</li> <li>Introduction to embryology.</li> <li>Functions of male reproductive organs, Male function in reproduction, Male fertility system, Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion.</li> <li>Explain using         charts, films,         models,         specimens</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

XII	2	Describe the	Lymphatic and Immunological	•	Lecture	•	Essay
		physiology of	System		Discussion.		type
		Lymphatic and	Circulation of lymph	•	Explain using	•	Short
		immunological	Immunity		charts, films		answer
		system.	☐ Formation of T-cells and B				questions
			cells			•	Objective
			☐ Types of Immune response				type
			☐ Antigens				
			☐ Cytokines				
			☐ Antibodies				

## Course outcome

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Define anatomy and physiology and relate them to each other.
- CO2. Discuss clinical significance of anatomical variations among humans.
- CO3. Identify the major levels of organization in living beings.
- CO4. Illustrate correct directional terms and relationships among body parts.
- CO5. Explains the location and interaction of the muscles which facilitates bodily movements.
- CO6. Identify major events in skeletal muscle contraction.
- CO7. Describe the circulation and conduction of heart.
- CO8. Describe structure of alimentary tract and organs of digestive tract.

## Scheme of University Examination for Anatomy and Physiology

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration for Anatomy and Physiology, carrying 75 marks. Section A- shall be Anatomy Carrying 37 marks and Section B-Physiology carrying 38 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Anatomy and Physiology shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

## Distribution of type of questions and marks for Anatomy (Section A)

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	1	10	10
Short Essay (SE)	3	5	15
Short Answer (SA)	6	2	12
Total Marks			37

## Distribution of type of questions and marks for Physiology (Section B)

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	1	10	10
Short Essay (SE)	4	5	20
Short Answer (SA)	4	2	8
Total Marks			38

## Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

## Nutrition

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 60 Hours Course code: - Nur102

Course Description: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition for maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for

practice of nursing.

Unit	Tin (Hı	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment method
I	4	• Describe the relationship between nutrition & health	<ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Nutrition:</li> <li>History</li> <li>Concepts</li> <li>Role of nutrition in maintaining health.</li> <li>Nutritional problems in India.</li> <li>National nutritional policy.</li> <li>Factors affecting food and nutrition: socioeconomic, cultural, tradition, production, system of distribution, life style and food habits etc.</li> <li>Role of food and its medicinal value.</li> <li>Classification of foods.</li> <li>Food standards.</li> <li>Elements of nutrition: macro and micro.</li> <li>Calorie, BMR.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Explaining using charts</li> <li>Panel discussion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
II	6	• Describe the classification, functions, sources and	Macro nutrients:  Carbohydrates, Proteins, Fats  Classification	<ul><li>Lecture cum discussion</li><li>Explaining using charts</li></ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers</li></ul>

		recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates, fats and proteins.	<ul> <li>Calorie Value</li> <li>Recommended daily allowances</li> <li>Dietary sources</li> <li>Functions</li> <li>Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism.</li> <li>Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption.</li> </ul>		Objectiv     e type
III	3	Describe the daily calorie requirement for different categories of people.	<ul> <li>Energy</li> <li>Unit of Energy-Kcal.</li> <li>Energy requirements of different categories of people.</li> <li>Measurements of energy.</li> <li>Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism.</li> <li>Basal Metabolic Rate</li> <li>(BMR)-determination and factors affecting it.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Explaining using charts</li> <li>Exercise</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
IV	8	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Vitamins and Minerals.	Micro nutrients:  Vitamins, Minerals  Classification  Recommended daily allowances  Dietary sources  Functions  Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion  Deficiencies Over consumption and toxicity  Hypervitaminosis	<ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Explaining using charts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

V	3		•	Describe the sources, functions and requirements of Water & electrolytes.	<ul> <li>Water &amp; electrolytes</li> <li>Water: Daily requirement, regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body water.</li> <li>Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids.</li> <li>Maintenance of fluid &amp; electrolyte balance.</li> <li>Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication.</li> <li>Electrolyte imbalances.</li> </ul>	•	Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts	•	Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type
VI	5	15	•	Describe the Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients. Prepare and serve simple beverages and different types of foods.	<ul> <li>Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients</li> <li>Principles, methods of cooking and serving.</li> <li>Preservation of nutrients.</li> <li>Safe Food handlingtoxicity.</li> <li>Storage and preservation of food.</li> <li>Food fortification.</li> <li>Food additives and its principles.</li> <li>Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA).</li> <li>Food Standards.</li> <li>Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food.</li> </ul>	•	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Practice Session	•	Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of practice sessions
VII	7	5	•	Describe and plan balanced diet for different categories of	<ul> <li>Balanced diet</li> <li>Elements.</li> <li>Food groups.</li> <li>Recommended Daily</li></ul>	•	Practice Session Meal planning	•	Exercise on menu planning

	people.	<ul> <li>groups.</li> <li>Nutritive value of foods.</li> <li>Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people.</li> <li>Planning menu.</li> <li>Budgeting of food.</li> <li>Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy - Diet.</li> </ul>	_	
VIII	<ul> <li>Describe the various national programmes related to nutrition.</li> <li>Describe the role of nurse in assessment of nutritional status and nutrition education.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Role of nurse in nutritional programmes</li> <li>National programmes related to nutrition.</li> <li>Vitamin A deficiency programme.</li> <li>National Iodine deficiency disorder (IDD) programme.</li> <li>Mid-day meal progamme.</li> <li>Integrated child development scheme (ICDS).</li> <li>National and International agencies working towards food/nutrition.</li> <li>NIPCCD, CARE, FAO, NIN, CFTRI (Central food technology and research institute) etc.</li> <li>Assessment of nutritional status.</li> <li>Nutrition education and role of nurse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Explaining with Slide/Film shows</li> <li>Demonstration of Assessment of nutritional status</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

**Biochemistry** 

**Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing** 

Time: Theory 30 Hours **Course code: - Nur102** 

**Course Description:** The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives      Describe the structure Composition and functions of cell     Differentiate between Prokaryote & Eukaryote cell     Identify techniques of Microscopy	Content and  Introduction  Definition and significance in nursing Review of structure, Composition and functions of cell Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell organization Microscopy	Teaching Learning Activities  Lecture discussion using charts, slides Demonstrate use of microscope	Assessme nt  Methods  • Short answer questions • Objective type.
II	6	Describe the structure and functions of cell membrane	Structure and functions of Cell membrane  • Fluid mosaic model tight junction, Cytoskeleton  • Transport mechanism: diffusion osmosis, filtration, active channel, sodium pump  • Acid base balancemaintenance & diagnostic tests	Lecture discussion	<ul> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type.</li> </ul>

			PH buffers		
III	6	• Explain the metabolis m of carbohydr ates	<ul> <li>PH buffers</li> <li>Composition and metabolism of Carbohydrates</li> <li>Types,structure, composition and uses</li> <li>Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Disaccharides</li> <li>Polysaccharides</li> <li>Oligosaccharides</li> <li>Metabolism</li> <li>Pathways of glucose:         <ul> <li>Glycolysis</li> <li>Gluconeogenesis: Cori's cycle, Tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle</li> <li>Glycogenolysis</li> <li>Pentose phosphate Pathways (Hexose mono phosphate)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Regulation of blood glucose level Investigations and their interpretations</li> </ul>	Lecture discussion using charts     Demonstration of laboratory tests	<ul> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type.</li> </ul>
IV	4	Explain the metabolism of Lipids	<ul> <li>Composition and metabolism of Lipids</li> <li>Types, Structure, composition and uses of fatty acids</li> <li>Nomenclature, Roles and Prostaglandins</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>using charts</li> <li>Demonstrati on of</li> <li>laboratory tests</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Short answer questions</li><li>Objective type.</li></ul>

			<ul> <li>Metabolism of fatty acid</li> <li>Breakdown</li> <li>Synthesis</li> <li>Metabolism of triacylglycerols         <ul> <li>Cholesterol metabolism</li> </ul> </li> <li>Biosynthesis and its Regulation</li> <li>Bile salts and bilirubin</li> <li>Vitamin D</li> <li>Steroid hormones</li> <li>Lipoproteins and their functions</li> <li>VLDLs- IDLs,</li> </ul>		
V	6	• Explain the metabolism of Amino acids and Proteins	<ul> <li>metabolism</li> <li>Biosynthesis and its Regulation</li> <li>Bile salts and bilirubin</li> <li>Vitamin D</li> <li>Steroid hormones</li> <li>Lipoproteins and their functions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion using charts</li> <li>Demonstration of laboratory tests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Short answer questions</li> <li>Objective type.</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>Chromatography</li><li>Electrophoresis</li><li>Sequencing</li></ul>		

VI	2	• Describe types, compositi on and utilization of Vitamins & minerals	<ul> <li>Metabolism of Nitrogen</li> <li>Fixation and Assimilation</li> <li>Urea Cycle</li> <li>Hemes and chlorophylls</li> <li>Enzymes and coenzymes</li> <li>Classification</li> <li>Properties</li> <li>Kinetics and inhibition</li> <li>Control Investigations and their interpretations</li> <li>Composition of Vitamins and minerals</li> <li>Vitamins and minerals:</li> <li>Structure, Classification, Properties, Absorption</li> <li>Storage &amp; transportation</li> <li>Normal concentration</li> <li>nvestigations and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion using charts</li> <li>Demonstrati on of laboratory tests</li> </ul>	• Short answer questions • Objective type.
			their interpretation		
VII	3	Describe Immuno- chemistry	<ul> <li>Immunochemistry</li> <li>Immune response,</li> <li>Structure and classification of immunoglobins</li> <li>Mechanism of antibody production</li> <li>Antigens: HLA typing</li> <li>Free radical and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion using charts</li> <li>Demonstratio n of laboratory tests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion using charts</li> <li>Demonstrat ion of laboratory tests</li> </ul>

	Antioxidants
	Specialized Protein:
	Collagen, Elastin,
	Keratin, Myosin, Lens
	Protein.
	Electrophoretic and
	Quantitative
	determination of
	immunoglobins –
	ELISA etc.
	Investigations and their
	interpretations

## **Course Outcomes**

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Identify the common nutritional problems and rectify them.
- CO2. Develop and expand cooking skills through controlled and guided activities.
- CO3. Provide an advanced understanding of the core principles and topics of biochemistry.
- CO4. Learn about the normal biochemical reactions in human body.
- CO5. Utilize knowledge from the physical and biological sciences as a basis for understanding the role of food and nutrients in health and disease process.
- CO6. Provide nutrition counseling and education to individuals, groups, and communities throughout the life span using a variety of communication strategies.
- CO7. Introduce the nutrition and factors affecting food and nutrition, socio-economic, cultural, traditional production system of distribution of style and food habits etc.
- CO8. Explain about carbohydrates, their classification and malnutrition deficiencies and over compensation related problems of CHO.

## Scheme of University Examination for Nutrition and Biochemistry

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration for Nutrition and Biochemistry, carrying 75 marks. Section A- shall be Nutrition Carrying 45 marks and Section B- Biochemistry carrying 30 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Anatomy and Physiology shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

## Distribution of type of questions and marks for Nutrition (Section A)

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	3	5	15
Short Answer (SA)	5	2	10
Total Marks			45

## Distribution of type of questions and marks for Biochemistry (Section B)

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	1	10	10
Short Essay (SE)	2	5	10
Short Answer (SA)	5	2	10
Total Marks			30

## Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

**Nursing Foundations** 

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 265Hours Course code: - Nur103

**Course Description:** The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objective, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objective		Learning	Methods
				Activities	
			Introduction		
I.	10	Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies	<ul> <li>Concept of Health: Health – illness continuum.</li> <li>Factors influencing health.</li> <li>Causes and risk factors for developing illness.</li> <li>Body defenses: Immunity and immunization.</li> <li>Illness and illness Behavior.</li> <li>Impact of illness on patient and family.</li> <li>Health Care Service: Health Promotion and Prevention Primary Care, Diagnosis, Treatment, Rehabilitation and Continuing Care.</li> <li>Health care teams.</li> <li>Type of health care agencies.</li> <li>Hospitals: Types, Organization and Functions.</li> <li>Health Promotion and Levels of Disease Prevention.</li> <li>Primary health care and its</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Visit to health         care agencies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>
II	16	Explain concept	delivery: Role of nurse.  Nursing as a profession	Lecture	• Essay
		and scope of	• Definition and Characteristics of	Discussion,	type
		nursing	a profession.	• Case	• Short
		• Describe value,	Nursing:	Discussion,	answers
	l			<u> </u>	

		code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses of India	<ul> <li>□ Definition, Concepts, philosophy, objectives.</li> <li>□ Characteristics, nature and scope of nursing practice.</li> <li>□ Functions of nurse</li> <li>□ Qualities of a nurse.</li> <li>□ Categories of nursing personnel.</li> <li>□ Nursing as a profession.</li> <li>□ History of Nursing in India.</li> <li>• Principles that guide nursing action.</li> <li>• Values: Definition, Types, Values Clarification and values in professional Nursing: Caring and Advocacy.</li> <li>• Ethics:</li> <li>□ Definition and Ethical Principles.</li> <li>□ Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses</li> </ul>	• Role plays.	Objective type     Assessme nt of skills with check list
III	4	Explain the admission and discharge procedure     Performs admission and discharge procedure	<ul> <li>Hospital admission and discharge</li> <li>Admission to the hospital.</li> <li>Unit and its preparation - admission bed.</li> <li>Admission procedure.</li> <li>Special considerations.</li> <li>Medico-legal issues.</li> <li>Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse.</li> <li>Discharge from the hospital.</li> <li>Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers.</li> <li>Discharge Planning.</li> </ul>	Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Lab Practice, Supervised Clinical Practice	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>Discharge procedure.</li> <li>Special considerations,</li> <li>adjusting the environment</li> <li>to the needs of the patient.</li> <li>Medico-legal issue.</li> <li>Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse.</li> <li>Care of the Unit after discharge</li> </ul>		
IV 10	<ul> <li>Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)</li> <li>Appreciate the importance of patient teaching in nursing</li> </ul>	Patient relationship  Communication: Levels, Elements, Types, Modes, Process, Factors influencing Communication.  Principles of communications.  Methods of Effective Communication.  Attending skills  Rapport building skills.  Empathy skills.  Barriers to effective communication.  Helping Relationships (NPR): Dimensions of Helping Relationships, Phases of a helping relationship  Communication effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations with special reference to communicating with vulnerable group (children women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly).  Patient Teaching: Importance, Purpose, Process, role of nurse	<ul> <li>Lecture,         Discussion,</li> <li>Role play and         Video film on         the nurses         interacting         with the         patient,</li> <li>Practice         session on         patient         teaching,</li> <li>Supervised         Clinical         Practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

		and Integrating teaching in Nursing Process.		
V 1	• Explain the concept, uses, format and steps of nursing process • Documents nursing process as per the format.	The Nursing Process  Critical Thinking and Nursing judgment.  Critical Thinking: Thinking and learning,  Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Level of critical thinking in Nursing.  Nursing Process Overview: Application in practice.  Nursing process format: INC, current format.  Assessment.  Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods.  Formulating Nursing judgment: Data interpretation.  Nursing diagnosis.  Identification of client problems.  Nursing diagnosis statement.  Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis.  Planning.  Establishing Priorities.  Establishing Goals and expected Outcomes,  Selection of interventions: Protocols and standing orders.  Writing the Nursing Care plan.  Implementing Implementing the plan of care.  Evaluation.	Lecture, discussion,     Demonstration exercise, supervised clinical practice	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

VI	4	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting	<ul> <li>Outcome of care.</li> <li>Review and Modify.</li> <li>Documentation and Reporting.</li> <li>Documentation: Purposes of Recording and reporting.</li> <li>Communication within the Health Care Team,</li> <li>Types of records; ward records, medical / nursing records,</li> <li>Common Record-keeping forms, computerized documentation.</li> <li>Guidelines for Reporting: Factual Basis, Accuracy, Completeness, current issue, Organization, confidentiality.</li> <li>Methods of Recording.</li> <li>Reporting Change of shift</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session,</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>
VII	15	<ul> <li>Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs</li> <li>Monitor and maintain vital signs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reporting Change of shift reports: Transfer reports, Incident reports.</li> <li>Minimizing legal Liability through effective record keeping.</li> <li>Vital signs</li> <li>Guidelines for taking vital signs:</li> <li>Body temperature:         <ul> <li>Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature,</li> <li>Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipments and technique, special considerations.</li> <li>Temperature alterations: Hyperthermia, Heatstroke, Hypothermia.</li> <li>Hot and cold applications.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session,</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

			•	Pulse:		
				☐ Physiology and Regulation,		
				Characteristics of the pulse,		
				Factors affecting pulse.		
				☐ Assessment of pulse: site,		
				location, equipments and		
				technique, special		
				considerations.		
				☐ Alterations in pulse:		
			•	Respiration:		
				☐ Physiology and Regulation		
				Characteristics of the		
				respiration, factors affecting		
				respiration.		
				☐ Assessment of respirations:		
				technique, special		
				considerations.		
				☐ Alterations in respiration.		
			•	Blood Pressure:		
				☐ Physiology and Regulation,		
				Characteristics of the blood		
				pressure, Factors affecting		
				blood pressure.		
				☐ Assessment of blood		
				pressure sites, equipments		
				and technique, special		
				considerations.		
				☐ Alterations in blood		
				pressure.		
			•	Recording of vital signs.	<b>.</b>	
VIII	30	Describe  numass and		ealth assessment	Lecture     discussion	• Essay
A 111	30	purpose and process of	•	Purposes. Process of Health assessment.		type • Short
		health	•		<ul><li>Demonstration</li><li>Practice</li></ul>	• Short answers
		assessment		☐ Health History	• Practice session,	
		Describe the		<ul><li>Physical examination</li><li>Methods- Inspection,</li></ul>	·	• Objective type
		health		Palpation, Percussion,	• Supervised clinical	<ul><li>Assessme</li></ul>
		assessment of		Auscultation, Olfaction.	practice	nt of skills
		each body		- Preparation for examination:	practice	with
		1		reparation for examination.		44 IUI

IX	5	system  • Perform health assessment of each body system  • Identify the various machinery equipment and linen and their care	patient and Unit.  General assessment.  Recording of health assessment.  Assessment of each body system.  Machinery, Equipment and lines  Type: Disposables and reusable's- Linen, rubber goods, glass ware, metal, plastics,  Introduction:  Indent  Maintenance  Inventory	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion,</li> <li>Demonstration,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>
X	60	<ul> <li>Describe the basic psychological needs of patient</li> <li>Describe the principles and techniques for meeting basic physiological needs of patient</li> <li>Perform nursing assessment, plan implement and evaluate the care for meeting basic physiological and psychological</li> </ul>	Meeting needs of patient  ■ Basic needs (Activities of daily living).  □ Providing safe and clean environment:  - Physical environment:  - Temperature,  - Humidity, Noise,  - Ventilation, light,  - Odors, pests control.  - Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accident.  - Safety devices:  Restraints, side rails, airways, trapeze, etc.  - Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment.  □ Hygiene:-	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session,</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

needs of patient	- Factors Influencing.
	- Hygienic Practice.
	- Hygienic care: Care of the
	Skin-Bath and pressure
	points, feet and nail, Oral
	cavity, Hair Care, Eyes,
	Ears, and Nose.
	o Assessment, Principles,
	Types, Equipments,
	Procedure, Special
	Considerations.
	- Patient environment: Room
	Equipment and linen,
	making patient beds.
	<ul> <li>Types of beds and bed</li> </ul>
	making.
	□ Comfort:-
	- Factors including Comfort.
	- Comfort devices.
	Physiological needs:
	☐ Sleep and Rest:
	- Physiology of sleep.
	- Factors affecting sleep.
	- Promoting Rest and sleep.
	- Sleep Disorders.
	□ Nutrition:-
	- Importance.
	- Factors affecting nutritional
	needs.
	- Assessment of nutritional
	needs: Variables.
	- Meeting Nutritional needs:
	Principles, equipments,
	Procedure and special
	considerations
	o Oral
	o Enteral: Naso/Orogastric,
	gastrostomy
	o Parenteral:
	☐ Urinary Elimination
	-

- Review of Physiology of
urine Elimination,
composition and
characteristics of urine.
- Factors Influencing
Urination.
- Alteration in Urinary
Elimination.
- Types and collection of urine
specimen: Observation, urine
testing.
- Facilitating urine
elimination: assessment,
types, equipments,
procedures and special
considerations.
o Providing urinal/bed pan.
o Condom drainage.
o Perineal care.
o Catheterization.
Care of urinary drainage.
<ul> <li>Care of urinary diversions.</li> </ul>
o Bladder irrigation.
☐ Bowel Elimination.
- Review of Physiology of
Bowel elimination,
Composition and
characteristics of faces.
- Factors affecting Bowel
elimination.
- Alteration in Bowel
Elimination.
Types and Collection of
specimen of faces:
Observation.
Facilitating bowel
elimination, procedures and
special considerations.
<ul> <li>Passing of Flatus tube.</li> </ul>
o Enemas.

		o Suppository.	
		o Sitz bath.	
		o Bowel wash.	
		<ul> <li>Care of Ostomies.</li> </ul>	
		Mobility and immobility.	
		- Principles of Body	
		Mechanics.	
		- Maintenance of normal	
		body.	
		- Alignment and mobility.	
		- Factors affecting body	
		Alignment and mobility.	
		- Hazards associated with	
		immobility.	
		- Alteration in body alignment	
		and mobility.	
		- Nursing interventions for	
		impaired Body Alignment	
		and, Mobility: assessment,	
		types, devices used, method	
		and Special considerations	
		rehabilitation aspects.	
		o Range of motion exercises.	
		o Maintaining body alignment:	
		Positions,	
		o Moving.	
		o Lifting.	
		o Transferring.	
		o Walking.	
		o Restraints.	
		Oxygenation	
		- Review of Cardiovascular	
		and respiratory Physiology.	
		- Factors Affecting	
		Oxygenation.	
		- Alterations in Oxygenation.	
		- Nursing interventions in	
		oxygenation: assessment,	
		Types of equipment used,	
		procedure and special	

considerations.
<ul> <li>Maintenance of patent</li> </ul>
airway.
<ul> <li>Oxygen administration.</li> </ul>
o Suction.
<ul> <li>Inhalations: dry and moist</li> </ul>
postural drainage.
o Care of Chest drainage.
o Pulse-oximetry.
<ul> <li>CPR-Basic life support.</li> </ul>
Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid-
Base Balances.
- Review of Physiological.
- Regulation of Fluid,
Electrolyte, and Acid-Base
Balances.
- Factors Affecting Fluid,
Electrolyte, and Acid Base
balances.
- Alterations in Fluid,
Electrolyte, and Acid-Base
Balances.
- Nursing interventions in
fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid.
- Base Imbalances:
assessment, types, and
equipment, procedure and
special considerations.
Measuring fluid intake
and output.
o Correcting fluid,
Electrolyte Imbalance:
✓ Replacement of fluids: Oral
and Parenteral -
Venipuncture, regulating IV
Flow rates, changing IV
solutions and tubing,
Changing IV dressing.
✓ Administering Blood
transfusion.

			and removing.  Decontamination of equipment and Unit.  Transportation of infected patients.  Standard safety precautions (Universal precautions).  Transmission based precautions.  Biomedical waste management:  Importance.  Types of hospital waste.  Hazards associated with waste.  Decontamination of hospital waste.  Segregation and Transportation and disposal.		
XII	40	<ul> <li>Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications</li> <li>Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements</li> <li>Administer drugs by the following routes – oral, intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous,</li> </ul>	Administration of Medications      General     Principles/Considerations.     Purpose of Medication.     Principles: 5 rights, Special Considerations,     Prescriptions, Safety in Administering Medications and Medication Errors.     Drugs forms.     Routes of administration.     Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses.     Responsibility.     Broad classification of drugs.     Therapeutic Effect, Side	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session,</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

tomical inhalation	Effects Toxic Effects
topical, inhalation	Effects, Toxic Effects,
	Idiosyncratic Reactions,
	Idiosyncratic Reactions,
	Allergic, Reactions, Drug
	Tolerance, Drug Interactions,
	☐ Factors influencing drug
	Actions,
	□ Systems of Drug
	Measurement: Metric
	System, Apothecary
	System, Household
	Measurements, Solutions.
	☐ Converting Measurements,
	Units: Conversion within
	one system, Conversion
	between system, Dosage
	Calculation,
	☐ Terminologies and abbreviations used in
	prescriptions of medication.
	Oral Drugs Administration: Oral Sublingual and Busgalia
	Oral, Sublingual and Buccal:
	Equipment, procedure.
	• Parenteral
	☐ General principles:
	decontamination and
	disposal of syringes, needles,
	☐ Types of parenteral
	therapies.
	☐ Types of syringes, needles, Canula, and infusion sets.
	□ Protection from Needlestick
	injuries: Giving Medications
	with a safety syringes.
	☐ Routes of parenteral
	therapies Intradermal: purpose,
	site, equipment,
	procedure, special
	considerations.
	COHSIGETATIONS.

	- Subcutaneous: purpose,	
	site, equipment,	
	procedure, special	
	considerations.	
	- Intramuscular: purpose,	
	site, equipment,	
	procedure, special	
	considerations.	
	- Intra Venous: purpose,	
	site, equipment, site,	
	equipment procedure,	
	special considerations.	
	- Advanced techniques:	
	epidural, intrathecal,	
	intraosseous,	
	intraperitonial,	
	intraplural, intraarterial.	
	Role of nurses.	
	Topical Administration:	
	Purposes, site, equipment,	
	procedure, special	
	considerations for:	
	☐ Application to Skin.	
	☐ Application to mucous	
	membrane.	
	- Direct application of liquids-	
	Gargle and swabbing the	
	throat.	
	- Insertion of Drug into body	
	cavity: Suppository/	
	medicated packing in	
	rectum/vagina.	
	- Instillations:, Ear, Eye,	
	Nasal, Bladder, Vaginal and	
	Rectal.	
	- Irrigations: Eye, Ear,	
	Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal.	
	- Spraying: Nose and throat.	
	Inhalation, Nasal, Oral,	
	endotracheal / tracheal (steam,	
	ondotractical / tractical (stealing	

		<ul> <li>wounds: types, Classifications, wound Healing Process, Factors affecting Wound, Complications of Wound Healing.</li> <li>Surgical asepsis.</li> <li>Care of the wound: types, equipment, procedure and special considerations.</li> <li>Dressing, Suture Care,</li> <li>Care of Drawings.</li> <li>Application of Bandages, Binders, Splints &amp; Slings</li> </ul>		
	techniques of wound care • Perform care of wounds	<ul> <li>□ Operation theatre Set up and environment.</li> <li>□ Role of nurse.</li> <li>• Postoperative phase.</li> <li>□ Recovery Unit.</li> <li>□ Post operative Unit.</li> <li>□ Postoperative care,</li> <li>• Wounds: types, Classifications, wound Healing Process, Factors</li> </ul>	praerice	with check list
XIII 10	and post operative care of patients  • Explain the process of wound healing  • Explain the principles and	purposes, types, equipment, procedure, special considerations.  Recording and reporting of medications administered.  Meeting needs of perioperative patients  Definition and concept of perioperative Nursing.  Preoperative Phase.  Preparation of patient for surgery.  Intraoperative.	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session,</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills</li> </ul>

alterations in body functioning  Care of patients having alteration in:  Temperature (hyper and hypothermia): Types, Assessment, and Management.  Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management.  Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing	ort					
functioning  alteration in:  Temperature (hyper and hypothermia): Types, Assessment, and Management.  Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management.  Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing		1	·	<ul><li>patient</li><li>Care of patients hav</li></ul>	-   -	
□ Temperature (hyper and hypothermia): Types, Assessment, and Management. □ Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management. □ Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management. □ Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing	5 415		·		=	
hypothermia): Types, Assessment, and Management.  Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management.  Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing	viective		-			
Assessment, and Management.  Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management.  Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing	· ·		1			
Management.  Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management.  Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing						
□ Sensorium (Unconsciousness): Assessment, Management. □ Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management. □ Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing				·		
(Unconsciousness):     Assessment, Management.  □ Urinary Elimination     (retention and incontinence)     Assessment, Management.  □ Functioning of sensory     organs: (Visual & hearing				_		
Assessment, Management.  Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing						
☐ Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management. ☐ Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing	ook not					
(retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management.  □ Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing						
Assessment, Management.  □ Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing				=		
☐ Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing				`		
organs: (Visual & hearing						
				=		
i i i i i impairment).				impairment).		
☐ Assessment of Self-Care				<u>*</u>		
ability.						
☐ Communication Methods				<u>*</u>		
and special considerations.						
☐ Mobility (physically				=		
challenged, cast), assessment				• •		
of Self-Care ability:						
Communication methods						
□ and special considerations.				□ and special consi		
☐ Mental state (mentally						
challenged), assessment of						
Self-Care ability;				• .		
☐ Communication Methods				•		
and special considerations.						
☐ Respiration (distress): types,						
Assessment.				•		
☐ Comfort-(Pain)-Nature,						
Types, factors influencing						
Pain, coping Assessment						
management.				• •		
Treatments related to				=		
gastrointestinal system; naso-						
gastric suction, gastric irrigation,				_		
gastric analysis.						

XV	5	Explain care of terminally ill patient	Care of terminally ill patient  Concepts of Loss, Grief, grieving Process.  Signs of clinical death.  Care of dying patient: special considerations.  Advance directives: euthanasia, will dying declaration, organ donation etc.  Medico-legal issues.  Care of dead body: equipment, procedure and care of Unit.  Autopsy.  Embalming.	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion,</li> <li>Demonstration, case discussion/Role play,</li> <li>Practice session,</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>
XVI	6	• Explain the basic concepts of conceptual and theoretical models of nursing	<ul> <li>Professional Nursing concepts and practices</li> <li>Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice. Introduction to models, health belief model, health promotion model etc.</li> <li>Introduction to Theories in Nursing; Peplau's Henderson's, Orem's Neuman's, Rogar's and Roy's.</li> <li>Linking theories with nursing process.</li> </ul>	• Lecture, discussion,	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> </ul>

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Identify theoretical principles and critical behaviors of fundamental nursing.
- CO2. Demonstrate professional standards of moral, ethical, and legal conduct.
- CO3. Utilize the nursing process in the care of all clients.
- CO4. Monitor client outcomes to evaluate the effectiveness of interventions
- CO5. Distinguish the concept of health and illness and their influencing factors, body defenses, health Care Services and Role of nurse in health care agencies.
- CO6. Understand definition, concepts, scope, categories of nursing practice and personnel and the Principles that guide nursing action.
- CO7. Explain guidelines for taking vital signs such as body temperature, Pulse, respiration, blood Pressure by following principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs.
- CO8. Develops knowledge regarding health assessment by using various Methods such as Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, and Olfaction in performing health assessment of each body system

# **Scheme of University Examination for Nursing Foundations Theory**

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Nursing Foundations shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

.Type of Questions	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# Nursing Foundations – Practical Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Practical - 650Hours (200 Lab + 450 Clinical)

Course code: - Nur103 (Pr\*)

**Course Description:** The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objective, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings.

Areas	Time	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment method
_	1	Objectives  • Performs admissions and discharge procedure.	Skills  • Hospital admission and discharge (III) • Admission • Prepare unit for new patient • Prepare admission bed • Perform admission procedure • New patient • Transfer in • Prepare patient records • Discharge/Transfer out • Give discharge counseling • Perform discharge	• Practice in unit/hospital	<ul> <li>Assessment method</li> <li>Evaluate with checklist</li> <li>Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale</li> <li>Completion of practical record</li> </ul>
		• Prepares nursing care plans as per the nursing process	procedure (Planned discharge, LAMA, Abscond, Referrals and Transfer) Prepare records of discharge/transfer Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge/transfer.  Perform assessment: History taking, Nursing diagnoses, Problem list, Prioritization, Goals and	Write     nursing     process     records of     patients	• Assessment of nursing process records with checklist

format  • Communicate	Expected outcomes, Section of interventions  Write Nursing Care Plan Give care as per the plan	• Simulated - 1 • actual - 1	Assessment     of actual care     given with     rating scale
effectively with patient families and team members.  • Maintain effective human relations • Develops plan for patient teaching	<ul> <li>Communication</li> <li>Use verbal and non verbal communication tequiques.</li> <li>Prepare a plan for patient teaching session</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Role-plays in simulated situations on communic ation techniques         <ul> <li>1</li> <li>health talk</li> <li>1</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess role plays with the checklist on communicati on techniques</li> <li>Assess health talk with the checklist</li> <li>Assessment of communicati on techniques</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Prepare patient reports</li> <li>Presents reports</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write patient report</li> <li>Change of shift reports, transfer reports, incident reports etc.</li> <li>Presents patient report</li> </ul>	• Write nurses notes and present the patient report of 2-3	by rating scale  • Assessment of performance with rating scale
Monitor vital signs	<ul> <li>Vital signs</li> <li>Measure, records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse, respiration and blood pressure</li> </ul>	assigned patients • Lab practice • Measure vital signs of	
Perform     health     assessment of     each body	<ul><li>Health assessment</li><li>Health history taking</li><li>Perform assessment :</li><li>General</li></ul>	assigned patient	<ul> <li>Assessment of each skill with checklist</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Body system</li> <li>Use various methods o physical examination</li> <li>Inspection, palpation, percussion, auscultation, olfaction</li> <li>Identification of system wise deviations</li> </ul>		Completion of activity record.
• Provide nursing to the patient	<ul><li>Prepare patient's unit:</li><li>Prepare beds:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Practice in lab and hospital</li> <li>Simulated exercise on</li> <li>CPR manikin</li> <li>Observati on study - 2</li> </ul>	

T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
catheterization
care of urinary drainage
Bladder irrigation
Assisting bowel
elimination:
insertion of flatus tube
• enemas
insertion of suppository
Bowel wash body
alignment and mobility:
Range of motion exercises
Positioning:
Recumbent, lateral,(rt/lt),
fowlers, sims, lithotomy,
prone, trendelenburg
position
Assist patient in moving,
lifting, transferring,
walking
• Restraints
Oxygen administration
Oxygen auministration
Suctioning: Oro
pharyngeal, Naso
pharyngeal
r J S
Chest physiotherapy and
postural drainage
Case of chest drainage
CPR: Basic life support
January and Supplied
Intra venous therapy
Blood and blood
component therapy
Collect/assist for

	collection of specimens, for investigations Urine, sputum, feces, vomitus, blood and other body fluids  • Perform lab tests: • Urine: Sugar, Albumin, Acetone • Blood: Sugar (with strip/Gluco-meter)  • Hot and Cold applications: • Local and general Sitz bath • Communicating and assisting with self – care of visually and hearing impaired patients  • Communicating and assisting with self care of mentally challenged/disturbed	
• Perform		
infection control procedures	<ul> <li>Perform following procedures:</li> <li>Hand washing techniques</li> <li>(Simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub)</li> </ul>	

<ul> <li>Binders, Splints and</li> <li>Slings</li> <li>Bandaging of various</li> </ul>	Provide care to pre and post operative patients Perform procedures for care of wounds  Provide care to pre and post operative patients  Perform procedures for care of wounds	Slings	
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	Administration of
	medications
	Administer medications
• Administer	indifferent forms and
drugs	routes
	Oral, Sublingual and
	Buccal
	Parenteral : Intra dermal,
	Sub cutaneous, Intra
	muscular, etc.,
	Assist with Intra venous
	medications
	Drug measurements and
	dose calculations
	Preparation of lotions and
	solutions
	Administer topical
	applications
	Insertion of drug into
	body cavity : Suppository
	and medicated packing
	etc.,
	Instillation of medicines
	and spray into Ear, Eye,
	Nose and Throat
	• Irrigations : Eye, Ear,
	Bladder, Vagina and
	Rectum
	Inhalations : Dry and
	Moist
	Care of dying patient
	Caring and packing of
	dead body
Provide care	Counseling and
to dying and	supporting griaving
dead	relatives
• counsel and	Terminal care of the unit
support	
relatives.	
Telatives.	

At the completion of the course, the successful student will be prepared to:

CO1 Provide care to dying and dead and deliver counsel and support to respective relatives.

CO2: Administer care to pre and post operative patients and perform procedures for care of wounds

CO3: Apply the knowledge of infection control in clinical and community settings
CO4: Perform various procedure to treat, cure, alleviate various kind of patients admitted
in clinical areas

## Scheme of University Examination for Nursing Foundations (Practical and Viva-Voce)

There shall be practical and viva- voce examination carrying 100 marks for Internal and 100 marks for External. The practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas. One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical/clinical examination for each student. Assessment methods are given in column 6 under course description.

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

**Psychology** 

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 60 Hours Course code: - Nur104

**Course Description:** This course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundaments of psychology and develop an insight into behavior of self and others. Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives		<b>Learning Activity</b>	method
I	2	<ul> <li>Describe the history, scope and methods of psychology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Introduction:</li> <li>History and origin of Science of Psychology.</li> <li>Definitions &amp; Scope of Psychology.</li> <li>Relevance to Nursing.</li> <li>Methods of Psychology</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Lecture     Discussion</li><li>Power point     slide</li></ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Quiz</li><li>Assignments</li></ul>
II	4	• Explain the Biology of Human behavior	<ul> <li>Biology of Behaviour</li> <li>Body mind relationshipmodulation process in health and illness.</li> <li>Genetics and behavior:         Heredity and environment.</li> <li>Brain and behavior:         Nervous system, Neurons and synapse.</li> <li>Association cortex, Right and Left Hemispheres.</li> <li>Psychology of Sensations.</li> <li>Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour.</li> <li>Nature of behaviour of an organism / integrated responses.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion</li> <li>Video</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Models</li> <li>Mind maps</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>
III	20	• Describe various cognitive processes	Cognitive processes  • Attention: Types, determinants duration & degree, alterations.	<ul><li>Lecture     Discussion</li><li>Psychometric     assessment</li></ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>

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			and their	•	Perception : Meaning	•	Practice		
			applications		Principles, factors		sessions		
					affecting, errors.	•	Role play		
				•	Learning: Nature, Types,				
					learner and learning,				
					Factors influencing, laws				
					and theories, process,				
					transfer, study habits.				
				•	Memory: Meaning, types,				
					nature, factors				
					influencing, development				
					theories and methods of				
					memorizing and				
					forgetting.				
				•	Thinking: Types and				
					levels, stages of				
					development, relationship				
					with language and				
					communication.				
				•	Intelligence: Meaning				
					classification, uses,				
					theories.				
				•	Aptitude: Concepts, types,				
					individual differences and				
					variability.				
				•	Psychometric assessments				
					of cognitive processes.				
				•	Alterations in cognitive				
					processes.				
				•	Applications of cognitive				
					process in nursing				
IV	8	•	Describe	Mo	otivation and Emotional	•	Lecture	•	Essay type
			motivation,	Pro	ocesses:		Discussion	•	Short answer
			emotions,	•	Motivation: Meaning,	•	Role plays	•	Objective type
			stress,		Concepts, Types,	•	Case	•	Vignettes and
			attitudes and		Theories, Motives and		Discussion		case analysis
			their		behavior, Conflicts and	•	Demonstration		
			influence on		frustration, conflict	•	Panel		
			behaviour		resolution.		Discussion		
				•	Emotions & stress				
	1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1		1	

		•	Explain the	<ul> <li>□ Emotions : Definition components, Changes in emotions, theories, emotional adjustments, emotions in health and illness.</li> <li>□ Stress: stressors, cycle, effect, adaptation &amp; coping.</li> <li>• Attitude: Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting,</li> <li>□ Behavior and attitudes.</li> <li>□ Attitudinal change.</li> <li>• Psychometric assessments of emotions and attitudes.</li> <li>• Alterations in emotions.</li> <li>• Applications.</li> </ul>	•	Lecture	•	Essay type
V	7		concepts of personality and its influence on behavior	• Definitions, Topography, Types, Theories.	•	Discussion Demonstration Video demonstration	•	Short answer Objective type
VI	7	•	Describe psychology of people during the life cycle	<ul> <li>Developmental Psychology</li> <li>Psychology of people at different ages from infancy to old age.</li> </ul>	•	Lecture Discussion Case Discussion Role play	•	Essay type Short answer Objective type
VII	8	•	Describe the characteristics of Mentally	Health	•	Lecture Discussion Case Discussion	•	Essay type Short answer Objective type

		healthy person • Explain ego defence mechanisms	<ul> <li>health.</li> <li>Characteristics of mentally healthy person.</li> <li>Warning signs of poor mental health.</li> <li>Promotive and preventive mental health-strategies and services.</li> <li>Ego Defence mechanisms and implications.</li> <li>Personal and social adjustments.</li> <li>Guidance and counseling.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Role-play</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>Seminar</li></ul>	
VIII	4	• Explain the psychological assessments and role of nurse	<ul> <li>Role of nurse</li> <li>Psychological assessment &amp; tests</li> <li>Types, Developments, Characteristics, Principles, Uses, Interpretations and Role of nurse in Psychological assessment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice     sessions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of practice</li> </ul>

# Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Develop a core knowledge regarding the fundamentals of psychology and its application in nursing
- CO2. Get an insight into self in order to assess the patient during health and illness
- CO3. Learn to manage the patients with individual differences while performing therapeutic measures
- CO4. Build up information regarding mental hygiene and mental health
- CO5. Portray motivation and emotional process among the individuals
- CO6. Describe psychology of people during different stages of life
- CO7. Explain the psychological assessment and role of nurse in assessment
- CO8. Explain the concept of personality and its influence on behavior

# Scheme of University Examination for Psychology Theory

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Psychology shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

.Type of Questions	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

Microbiology

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 60 Hours (Theory 45 + Lab 15)

**Course code: - Nur105** 

**Course Description:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology and identification of various micro-organisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Unit	Tin (Hi		Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
1	5		Explain     concepts and     principles of     microbiology     and their     importance     in nursing	<ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Importance and relevance to nursing</li> <li>Historical perspective</li> <li>Concepts and terminology</li> <li>Principles of microbiology</li> </ul>	Lecture     Discussion	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>
II	10	5	<ul> <li>Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria</li> <li>Identify micro- organisms</li> </ul>	General characteristics of Microbes	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

III	10	2	<ul> <li>Describe the methods of infection control</li> <li>Identify the role of nurse in hospital infection control</li> </ul>	Hanging drop preparation  Culture; various medias  Infection control  Infection: Sources, portals of entry and exit, transmission  Asepsis  Disinfection: Types and methods  Sterilization: Types and methods	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Visits to CSSD</li> <li>Clinical     Practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
			programme	<ul> <li>Chemotherapy and antibiotics</li> <li>Standard safety measures</li> <li>Biomedical waste management</li> <li>Role of Nurse</li> <li>Hospital acquired infection</li> <li>Hospital infection control programme</li> <li>Protocols, collection of samples, preparation of reports and status of rate of infection in the unit/hospital, nurses accountability, continuing education etc.</li> </ul>		
IV	12	4	Describe the	Pathogenic organization	• Lecture	Essay type
			different		Discussion	

		disease producing organisms	<ul> <li>Micro-organisms</li> <li>Cocci-gram positive and gram negative</li> <li>Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative</li> <li>Spirochaete</li> <li>Mycoplasma</li> <li>Rickettesiae</li> <li>Chlamydiae</li> <li>Viruses</li> <li>Fungi- Superficial and Deep mycoses</li> <li>Parasites</li> <li>Rodents &amp; vectors</li> <li>Characteristics, Sources, portal of entry, transmission of infection, identification of disease producing microorganisms collection, handling and transportation of various specimens</li> </ul>	Demonstration     Clinical     Practice	<ul> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>
V	8 4	• Explain the concepts of immunity, hypersensitivit y and immunization	<ul> <li>Immunity</li> <li>Immunity- Types, classification</li> <li>Antigen and antibody reaction</li> <li>Hypersensitivity- skin test</li> <li>Serological tests</li> <li>Immunoprophylaxis         <ul> <li>Vaccines &amp; sera-</li> <li>Types &amp; classification, storage and handling, cold chain</li> <li>Immunization of various diseases</li> <li>Immunization schedule</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Clinical         Practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>

## Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. To illustrate the characteristic features of microorganisms and the disease they cause.
- CO2. To explore mechanism by which microorganisms cause disease.
- CO3. To show how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non specific mechanisms.
- CO4. To explore the routes of transmission of infection in hospital, communities and populations and the methods used to control the spread of infection.
- CO5. To demonstrates the principles of vaccine preparation and the use of vaccine in immunization.
- CO6. To shows the methods for sterilization of equipments.
- CO7. To shows the antimicrobial activity of disinfectants.
- CO8. To demonstrates the contribution of the microbiologists and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection including specimen collection and the role of nurse in carrying this out.

# Scheme of University Examination for Microbiology

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Microbiology shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

.Type of Questions	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# English

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 60 Hours Course code: - Nur106

**Course Description:** The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoken and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment	
	(Hrs)	Objectives			methods	
I.	10	• Speak & write  grammatically correct English	<ul> <li>Review of Grammar</li> <li>Remedial study of Grammar</li> <li>Building Vocabulary</li> <li>Phonetics</li> <li>Public Speaking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrate use of grammar Dictionary</li> <li>Class room conversion</li> <li>Exercise on use of Grammar</li> <li>Practice in public speaking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Fill in the blanks</li> <li>Para phrasing</li> </ul>	
II.	30	• Develop ability to read, understand and express meaningfully the prescribed text	Read and comprehend prescribed course books	<ul> <li>Exercise on</li> <li>Reading</li> <li>Summarizing</li> <li>Comprehension</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers</li></ul>	
III.	10	Develop writing Skills	Various forms of composition     □ Letter writing     □ Note takings     □ Précis writings     □ Nurses Notes     □ Anecdotal records     □ Diary writing     □ Reports on health problem     □ Resume /CV	■ Exercise on writing     □ Letter writing     □ Nurses Notes     □ Précise     □ Diary     □ Anecdote     □ Health problems     □ Story writing     □ Resume /CV  *Essay Writing     □ Discussion on written reports / documents	<ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Assessment         of the skills         based on         the         checklist.</li> </ul>	
IV.	6	• Develop skill in spoken	• Spoken English  □ Oral report	Exercise on:     Debating	• Assessment of the skills	

		English	☐ Discussion	☐ Participating in Seminar,	based on
			□ Debate	Panel, Symposium	the
			☐ Telephonic	☐ Telephonic Conversion	checklist.
			conversation		
V.	4	• Develop skill	Learning	Exercise on:	• Assessment
		in	Comprehension	• Listening to audio, video tapes	of skills
		listening	Media, audio, video,	and identify the key points	based on
			speeches etc.		the check
		comprehension			list

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Speak and write grammatically correct English.
- CO2. Develop an ability to read, understand, and express meaningfully.
- CO3. Improve writing skills
- CO4. Converse meaningfully, fluently, and confidently in their profession and everyday situations.
- CO5. Develop skills in listening comprehension.
- CO6. Participate effectively in critical conversations and demonstrate the ability to prepare and deliver their work to the public.
- CO7. Understand the process of communication and its effect on giving and receiving information.
- CO8. Communicate effectively in English in their nursing profession and everyday situations.

## **Scheme of University Examination for English**

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for English shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

.Type of Questions	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

**Introduction to Computers** 

Placement: First Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory 45 Hours Course code: - Nur107

**Course Description:** This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses

of computer and its applications in Nursing.

	Tir	ne				
Unit	(Hı	rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th	Pr	Objectives		Activities	Methods
I.	3		<ul> <li>Identify &amp; define various concepts used in computer</li> <li>Identify application of computer in nursing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Introduction:</li> <li>Concepts of computers</li> <li>Hardware and software trends and technology</li> <li>Application of computers in nursing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion.</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>
II.	6	20	<ul> <li>Describe and use the Disk Operating System</li> <li>Demonstrate skill in the use of MS Office</li> </ul>	Introduction to disk operating system         □ DOS         □ Windows (all version)      Introduction         □ MS Word         □ MS-Excel with pictorial presentation         □ MS-Access         □ MS-PowerPoint	<ul> <li>Lecture     Discussion.</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Practical Exam</li></ul>
III.	2	3	<ul> <li>Demonstrate skill in using multi-media</li> <li>Identify features of computer aided teaching and testing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multimedia; types &amp; uses</li> <li>Computer aided teaching &amp; testing</li> </ul>	Lecture Discussion. Demonstration	<ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Practical exam and Viva Voce</li></ul>

IV.	1	3	Demonstrate use of internet and Email	Use of internet and email	Lecture Discussion.  Demonstration  Practice session	<ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Practical exam and Viva Voce</li></ul>
V.	2	2	Describe and     Use the     statistical     packages	Statistical packages:     types and their features	<ul><li>Lecture     Discussion.</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>Practice session</li></ul>	<ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Practical exam and Viva Voce</li></ul>
VI.	1	2	Describe the use of Hospital Management System	Hospital management system : Types and uses	<ul><li>Lecture     Discussion.</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>	<ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Practical exam and Viva Voce</li></ul>

# **Scheme of University Examination for Introduction to Computers**

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Introduction to Computers shall be as given under. There shall be no practical examination.

.Type of Questions	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

Sociology

**Placement: Second Year B.Sc Nursing** 

Time: Theory 60 Hours **Course code: - Nur201** 

**Course Description:** This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Uni t	Time (Hours)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1	State the importance of	<ul><li>Introduction</li><li>Definition of Sociology</li></ul>	Lecture Discussion	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short</li></ul>
		sociology in Nursing	<ul> <li>Nature and Scope of the discipline</li> <li>Importance and application of Sociology in Nursing.</li> </ul>		answers.
II	3	Describe the inter relationship of individual in society and community	<ul> <li>Individual &amp; Society</li> <li>Society and Community</li> <li>Nature of Society</li> <li>Difference between Society and Community.</li> <li>Process of Socialization and individualization.</li> <li>Personal disorganization.</li> </ul>	Lecture Discussion	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers.</li></ul>
III	3	Describe the influence of culture and on health and	<ul><li>Culture</li><li>Nature of culture</li><li>Evolution of culture</li><li>Diversity and uniformity of</li></ul>	<ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Panel</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>	<ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers.</li></ul>

		disease.	culture		
			Culture and socialization		
			Trans-cultural society		
			Influence on health and disease.		
IV	4	Identify	Social groups and Processes	• Lecture	Essay type
		various	The meaning and classification of	Discussion	• Short
		social groups	groups.		answers.
		and their	Primary & Secondary Group		
		interactions	• In-group V/s. Out-group, Class		
			Tribe, Caste.		
			Economic, Political, Religious		
			groups, Mob, Crowd, Public		
			and Audience Interaction &		
			Social Processes.		
			Co-operation, Competition,		
			Conflict.		
			Accommodation, Assimilation &		
			Isolation.		
V	6	Explain the	Population	• Lecture	Essay type
		growth of	Society and population	Discussion	• Short
		population in	Population distribution in India-	• Community	answers
		India and its	Demographic characteristics.	Identification	• Assessme
		impact on	Malthusian theory of populations		nt
		health	Population explosion in India		of report on
			and its impact on health status.		Community
			Family welfare programmes.		identification
VI	5	Describe the	Family and Marriage	• Lecture	*Essay type
		institutions of	*Family – Functions	Discussion	*Short
		family and	*Types – Joint, Nuclear, Blended and	Family care	answers.
		marriage in	extended family	study	*Assessment

		India	Characteristics.		of family
			*The Modern Family – Changes,		Case study.
			Problems – Dowry etc., Welfare		
			Services.		
			*Changes & legislations on family		
			and marriage in India – marriage acts.		
			*Marriage: Forms and functions of		
			marriage,		
			*Marriage and family problems in		
			India.		
			*Family, marriage and their influence		
			on health and health practices.		
VII	7	Describe the	Social Stratification	*Lecture	*Essay type
		class and	*Meaning & types of social	Discussion	*Short
		caste	Stratification.		answers.
		system and	*The Indian Caste System – origin &		*Assessment
		their	features.		of report on
		influence on	*Features of Caste in India Today		community
		health and	*Social Class system and status.		Survey.
		health	*Social Mobility – Meaning &Types.		
		practices.	*Race as a biological concept,		
			criteria of racial classification.		
			*Salient features of Primary races		
			Racism.		
			*Influence of Class, Caste and		
			Race on health and health		
			practices.		
VIII	6	Describe the	Types of Communities in India	*Lecture	*Essay type
		types of	(Rural, Urban and Regional)	Discussion	*Short
		communities	*Features of village community	* Visits to rural	Answers.
		in	& Characteristics of Indian	and urban	*Assessment

		India, their	Villages Panchayat System,	community	of report on
		practices and	Social dynamics.	* Community	community
		the impact on	*Community Development project &	Survey	Survey.
		health.	Planning.		
			*Changes in Indian		
			Rural Life.		
			*Availability of health facilities in		
			rural and its impact on health and		
			health practices.		
			*Urban – Community – Features.		
			*The growth of cities:		
			*Urbanisation and its impact on		
			health and health practices.		
			*Major Urban problems – Urban		
			Slums		
			*Regions: Problems and impact on		
			Health.		
IX	4	Explain the	Social Change	*Lecture	*Essay type
		process of	*Nature and process of Social	Discussion	*Short
		Social Change	Change.		Answers.
			*Factors influencing Social		
			change: Cultural change,		
			Cultural lag.		
			*Introduction to Theories of		
			social change: Linear, Cyclical,		
			Marxian, Functional		
			Role of nurse – Change agents.		
X	4	Describe the	Social organization and social	*Lecture	*Essay type
		Social system	system	Discussion	*Short
		and inter	*Social organization: elements,	* Observation	Answers.
		relationship of	types.	visits	

		social	*Democratic and authoritarian		*Assessment
		Organizations	modes of participation,		of visit
			*Voluntary associations		reports.
			*Social System: Definition and		
			Types of social system.		
			*Role and Status as structural		
			elements of social system.		
			*Inter – relationship of institution		
XI	2	Explain the	Social Control	*Lecture	*Essay type
		nature and	*Nature and process of social	Discussion	*Short
		process of	control.	*Community	answers.
		social control.	*Political, Legal, Religious,	survey	*Assessment
			Educational, Economic, Industrial		of report on
			and Technological systems, Norms &		community
			Values- Folkways & Mores Customs,		survey.
			Laws and fashion.		
			*Role of nurse.		
XII	15	Describe the	Social Problems	*Lecture	*Essay type
		role of the	*Social disorganization	Discussion	*Short
		nurse	*Control & planning; poverty,	*Institutional	answers.
		in dealing	housing, illiteracy, food	visits	*Assessment
		with	supplies, prostitution, rights of		of visit
		social	women & children, vulnerable		reports.
		problems	groups: Eldery, handicapped,		
		in India.	minority groups and other		
			marginalized groups, child		
			labour, child abuse, delinquency		
			and crime, substance abuse,		
			HIV/AIDS.		
			*Social Welfare programmes in		
			India.*Role of nurse.		

### **Course Outcomes**

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Apply key social theories to current social problems and issues.
- CO2. Demonstrate and communicate knowledge of sociology in nursing.
- CO3. Develop positive attitudes towards individual, family and community
- CO4. Understand the usefulness of the main sociological theories.
- CO5. Understand real social issues such as gender, social deviance, and health from the sociological perspective.
- CO6. Explain how culture and social structure shape individual experiences and opportunities.
- CO7. Effectively communicate sociological concepts and empirical findings.
- CO8. Create new knowledge about social reality and become future leaders of communities and the nation that is agents of change.

# Scheme of University Examination for Sociology

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Sociology shall be as given under

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

### Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# SECOND YEAR B. SC NNURSING

# Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult Including Geriatrics)-I (Theory)

Placement: Second year

Time:- Theory - 210 Hours, Practical - 720 hours

Course Code:- Nur202 Course Description:

The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Time		Learning	Content	Teaching –	Assessment
	hour Th.	S Pr.	Objectives		Learning	Methods
					Activities	
I	15		-Appreciate the	Introduction:	• Lecture	• Short
			trends in medical	• Introduction to medical	discussion	answers
			and surgical	surgical	Demonstration	Objective
			nursing.	nursing- Evolution and	Practice session	Туре
			-Describe the	trends	Supervised	Assessment
			role of a nurse in	of medical and surgical	clinical practice	of skills
			caring for adult	nursing		with
			patient in	• Review of Concepts of		checklist
			hospital and	Health		
			community.	and illness Disease-		
			-Describe the	concepts,		
			concepts of	causations, classification-		
			Medical Surgical	International Classification		
			asepsis	Diseases (ICD- 10 or later		
				version), Acute illness		
				Chronic illness & Terminal		
				illness, stages of illness		
				• Review of concepts of		
				Comprehensive nursing		
				care in medical surgical		
				conditions based on nursing		
				process.		
				• Role of Nurse, patient and		

			family in care of adult		
			patient		
			• Role and responsibilities		
			of a nurse in medical		
			surgical settings:		
			- Outpatient department.		
			- In-patient unit		
			- Intensive care unit.		
			- Home and Community		
			settings		
			Introduction to Medical		
			Surgical asepsis		
			- Inflammation and		
			Infection		
			- Immunity		
			- Wound healing		
			Care of Surgical Patient		
			-Pre-operative		
			-Intra operative		
			-Post Operative		
II	15	Describe the	Common signs and	• Lecture	• Short
		common signs,	symptoms and	discussion	answers
		symptoms,	management	Seminar	• Objective
		problems and	Fluid and electrolyte	Case discussion	Туре
		their Specific	imbalance.		
		nursing	Vomiting		
		interventions	• Dyspnea and cough,		
			respiratory obstruction		
			• Fever		
			• Shock		
			Unconsciousness,		

			• Syncope			
			• Pain			
			• Incontinence			
			• Edema			
			• Age related problems-			
			geriatric			
III	20	Describe the	Nursing management of	• Lecture	•	Objective
		etiology, patho-	patients (adults including	discussion		type
		physiology,	elderly) with respiratory	• Explain using	•	Assessment
		clinical	problems	Charts, graphs		of skills
		manifestations,	• Review of anatomy and	Models, films, slides		with check
		diagnostic	physiology of respiratory	Demonstration		list
		measures and	system,	Practice session	•	Assessment
		management of	• Nursing Assessment-	• Case		of patient
		patients (adults	History and Physical	discussions/Semi		manageme
		including	assessment	nar		nt
		elderly) with	• Etiology,	Health education	pro	oblem
		disorders of	Pathophysiology, clinical	Supervised	•	Essay type
		respiratory	manifestations, diagnosis,	clinical practice	•	Short
		systems	treatment modalities and	• Drug book		answers
			medical, surgical, dietetics	/presentation		
			& nursing management of	presentation		
			adults including elderly			
			with –			
			Upper Respiratory tract			
			infection			
			Bronchitis			
			Asthma			
			Emphysema			
			Empyema			
			Atelectasis			

			Chronic Obstructive		
			Pulmonary Diseases		
			(COPD)		
			Bronchiectasis		
			Pneumonia		
			Pulmonary tuberculosis		
			• Lung abscess		
			• Pleural effusion		
			Cysts and Tumours		
			Chest injuries		
			• Respiratory arrest and		
			insufficiency		
			Pulmonary embolism		
			special therapies,		
			alternative therapies		
			Nursing procedures		
			Drugs used in treatment of		
			respiratory disorders		
IV	30	Describe the	Nursing management of	• Lecture	• Essay type
		etiology,	patient (adults including	discussion	• Short
		pathophysiology,	elderly) with disorders of	• Explain using	answers
		clinical	digestive system	Charts, graphs	• Objective
		manifestations,	• Review of anatomy and	Models, films, slides	type
		diagnostic	physiology of digestive	Demonstration	• Assessment
		measures and	system	Practice session	of skills
		management of	• Nursing Assessment-	• Case	with check
		patients (adults	History and Physical	discussions/Semi	list
		including	assessment	nar	• Assessment
		elderly) with	•Etiology,Pathophysiology,	Health education	of patient
		disorders of	clinical manifestations,	Supervised	manageme
		digestive	diagnosis, treatment		nt

systems	modalities and medical,	(	clinical pra	ctice	problem
	surgical, dietetics &	• ]	Drug	book	
	nursing management	/	/presentatio	on	
	• Disorders of				
	• Oral cavity- lips, gums,				
	and teeth				
	• Oesophagus —				
	inflammation? stricture,				
	obstruction, bleeding and				
	tumours				
	Stomach and duodenum				
	hiatus hernia, gastritis,				
	peptic				
	and deudenal ulcer,				
	bleeding, tumours, pyloric				
	stenosis				
	• Small intestinal disorders				
	inflammation and infection,				
	entritis, malabsorption,				
	obstruction, tumour and				
	perforation				
	Large intestinal disorders-				
	Colitis, inflammation and				
	infection, obstruction and				
	tumour and lump				
	Hernias				
	• Appendix –				
	Inflammation, mass,				
	abscess, rupture				
	Anal and Rectum-				
	hemorrhoids, fissures,				

			fistulas.			
			Peritonitis/acute abdomen			
			Pancreas; inflammation,			
			cyst, abscess and tumours			
			• Liver; inflammation, cyst,			
			abscess, cirrhosis, portal			
			hypertension, hepatic			
			failure, tumours			
			Gall Bladder;			
			inflammation, obstruction,			
			stones and tumours			
			Special therapies,			
			alternative therapies			
			Nursing procedures Drugs			
			used in treatment of			
			disorders of digestive			
			system			
V	30	Describe the	Nursing management of	•	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho	patient (adults including		discussion	Short answers
		physiology,	elderly) with blood and	•	Explain using	Objective type
		clinical	cardio vascular problems		Charts, graphs	Assessment of
		manifestations,	Review of anatomy and	•	Models, films,	skills with
		diagnostic	physiology of blood and		slides	check list
		measures and	cardio	•	Demonstration	Assessment of
		management of	vascular system,	•	Practice session	patient
		patients (adults	Nursing Assessment-	•	Case discussions	management
		including	History		/ Seminar	problem
		elderly) with	and Physical assessment	•	Health education	
		blood and	•Etiology, Pathophysiology,	•	Supervised	
		cardiovascular	clinical manifestations,		clinical practice	
		problems	diagnosis, treatment			

Describes the	modalities	•	Drug book	
vascular	and medical, surgical,		/presentation	
conditions	dietetics	•	Visit to blood	
and its	& nursing management of-		bank	
nursing	Vascular system	_		
management	-Hypertension,	•	Participation in	
management	Hypotension		blood donation	
	- Artherio sclerosis		camps	
		•	Counseling	
	- Raynaud's disease			
	- Aneurism and Peripheral			
	vascular disorders			
	Heart			
	Coronary artery diseases			
	• Ischemic Heart Disease			
	Cornory atherosclerosis			
	Angina pectoris			
	Myocardial infarction			
	• Valvular disorders of the			
	heart			
	- Congenital and acquired			
	- Rheumatic Heart diseases			
	• Endocarditis, Pericarditis			
	Myocarditis			
	Cardio Myopathies			
	• Cardiac dysrhythmias,			
	Heart Block			
	Congestive cardiac failure			
	Cor-pulmonale, pulmonary			
	edema, cardiogenic shock,			
	cardiac tamponade			
	Cardiac emergencies and			
	Caraiac cincigencies and			

arrest
Cardio Pulmonary
Resuscitation (CPR)
• Blood
Anaemias
Polycythemia
Bleeding disorders;
clotting
factor defects and platelets
defects
• Thalassemia
• Leukaemias
Leukopenias and
agranulocytosis
• Lymphomas
• Myelomas
Special therapies
Blood transfusion, safety
checks, procedure and
requirements, management
of adverse transfusion
reactions:, records for blood
Transfusion.
Management and
counseling of blood donors,
phlebotomy procedure, and
post donation management.
Blood hank functioning and
hospital transfusion
committee. Bio-safety and
waste management in

			relation to blood transfusion  • Role of a nurse in Organ donation, retrieval and banking  Alternative therapies  Nursing procedures  Drugs used in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorders		
VI	10	Describe the etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of genito-urinary system	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with genitourinary problems  Review of anatomy and physiology of genitourinary system  Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment  Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of-  Nephritis  Nephrotic syndrome  Nephrosis  Renal calculus	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Explain using</li> <li>Charts, graphs</li> <li>Models, films,</li> <li>Slides</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case discussions/Seminar</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> <li>Drug book /presentation</li> </ul>	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

			• Tumours		
			• Acute renal failure		
			• Chronic renal failure		
			• End stage renal disease		
			• Dialysis, renal transplant		
			• Congenital disorders,		
			urinary infections		
			• Benign prostate		
			hypertrophy.		
			• Disorders of ureter,		
			urinary bladder and		
			urethera inflammation,		
			infection, stricture,		
			obstruction, tumour,		
			prostrate Special therapies,		
			alternative therapies		
			Nursing procedures		
			Drugs used in treatment of		
			genitourinary disorders.		
VII	5	Describe the	Nursing Management of	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology,	disorders of male(adults	discussion	Short answers
			including elderly)	Explain using	Objective
		clinical	reproductive system	Charts, graphs	type
		manifestations,	• Review of anatomy and	• Models, films,	Assessment of
		diagnostic	physiology of male	slides	skills with
		measures and	reproductive system	Demonstration	check list
		management of	Nursing Assessment-	Practice session	Assessment of
		patients (adults	History and Physical	• Case	patient
		including	assessment	discussions/Semi	management
		elderly) with	•Etiology, Pathophysiology,	nar	problem
		disorders of	clinical manifestations,		

mala	diamagia tracture ut	TT 1/1 1 /*
male	diagnosis, treatment	
reproductive	modalities and medical,	·
system	surgical, dietetics &	r
	nursing management of	• Drug book /
	disorders of male	presentation
	reproductive system	
	•Congenital malformations;	
	Cryptorchidism,	
	Hypospadiasis	
	Epispadiasis	
	• Infections	
	Testis and adjacent	
	structures	
	Penis	
	• Prostate: inflammation,	
	infection, hypertrophy,	
	tumour	
	Sexual Dysfunction	
	Infertility	
	Contraception	
	Breast; gynecomastia,	
	tumour	
	Climacteric changes	
	Special therapies,	
	alternative therapies	
	Nursing procedures Drugs	
	used in treatment of	
	disorders of male	
	reproductive system.	

VIII	10	Describe the	Nursing management of	• Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho	patient(adults including	discussion	Short answers
		physiology,	elderly) with disorders of	• Explain using	Objective type
		clinical	endocrine system	Charts, graphs	Assessment of
		manifestations,	• Review of anatomy and	• Models, films,	skills with
		diagnostic	physiology of endocrine	slides	check list
		measures and	system	Demonstration	Assessment of
		management of	• Nursing Assessment-	Practice session	patient
		patients (adults	History and Physical	Case discussions	management
		including	assessment	/ Seminar	problem
		elderly) with	•Etiology, Pathophysiology,	Health education	
		disorders of	clinical manifestations,	Supervised	
		endocrine	diagnosis, treatment	clinical practice	
		system	modalities and medical,	• Drug book	
			surgical, dietetics &	presentation	
			nursing management of-		
			• Disorders of Thyroid and		
			Parathyroid		
			• Diabetes mellitus		
			• Diabetes insipidus		
			• Adrenal tumour		
			• Pituitary disorders.		
			Special therapies,		
			alternative' therapies		
			Nursing procedures Drugs		
			used in treatment of		
			disorders of endocrine		
			system.		

IX	10	Describe the	Nursing management of	•	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho-	patient (adults including		discussion	Short answers
		physiology,	elderly) with disorders of	•	Explain using	Objective type
		clinical	Integumentary system		Charts. Graphs	Assessment of
		manifestations,	• Review of anatomy and	•	Models, films,	skills with
		diagnostic	physiology of Skin and its		slides	check list
		measures and	appendages	•	Demonstration	Assessment of
		management of	• Nursing Assessment-	•	Practice session	patient
		patients (adults	History and Physical	•	Case discussions	management
		including	assessment		/ Seminar	problem
		elderly) with	•Etiology, Pathophysiology,	•	Health education	
		disorders of Skin	clinical manifestations,	•	Supervised	
			diagnosis, treatment		clinical practice	
			modalities and medical,	•	Drug book /	
			surgical, dietetics &		presentation	
			nursing management of			
			disorders of skin and its			
			appendages –			
			Lesions and abrasions			
			• Infection and infestations;			
			Dermititis			
			• Dermatoses; infectious			
			and Non infectious			
			"inflammatory dermatoses"			
			• Acne Vulgaris			
			Allergies and Eczema			
			Psoriasis     Malignant malanama			
			Malignant melanoma     Alongoia			
			• Alopecia  Special therapies,			
			alternative therapies			

X 15	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of musculoskeletal system	Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of Integumentary system.  Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with musculoskeletal problems  Review of anatomy and physiology of musculoskeletal system,  Nursing Assessment- History and Physical assessment  Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of -  Disorders of:  Muscles, Ligaments and Joints - inflammation, infection, trauma  Bones-inflammation, infection, dislocation, fracture, tumour and trauma  Osteomalacia and	<ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Explain using Charts, graphs</li> <li>Models, films, slides</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case discussions/Seminar</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> <li>Drug book /presentation</li> </ul>	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

			• Congenital deformities		
			• Spinal column- defects		
			and deformities, Tumor,		
			Prolapsed inter vertebral		
			disc, pott's spine		
			Paget's disease		
			Amputation		
			Prosthesis		
			• Transplant & replacement		
			surgeries		
			Rehabilitation.		
			Special therapies,		
			alternative therapies		
			Nursing procedures Drugs		
			used in treatment of		
			disorders of		
			musculoskeletal system.		
XI	10	Describe the	Nursing management of	• Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho	patient (adults including	discussion	Short answers
		physiology,	elderly) with	• Explain using	Objective type
		clinical	Immunological problems	Charts, graphs	Assessment
		manifestations,	• Review of Immune	• Models, films,	of skills with
		diagnostic	system,	slides	check list
		measures and	• Nursing Assessment-	• Demonstration	Assessment of
		management of	History and Physical	<ul> <li>Practice session</li> </ul>	patient
		patients (adults	assessment	• Case	management
		including	•Etiology, Pathophysiology,	Discussions/Seminar	problem
		elderly) with	clinical manifestations,	<ul> <li>Health education</li> </ul>	
		disorders of	Diagnosis, treatment	<ul><li>Supervised</li></ul>	
		Immunological	modalities and medical,	clinical practice	
		system	surgical, dietetics &	chinear practice	
	<u> </u>				

avania a managa	
nursing management of-	• Drug book
•Immunodeficiency	/presentation
disorder.	Orientation visit
•Primary immuno	to Hospital
deficiency.	Control system
Phagocytic dysfunction B-	
cell and T-cell deficiencies	
•Secondary	
immunodeficiencies	
Acquired	
immunodeficiency	
syndrome (AIDS)	
• Incidence of HIV & AIDS	
Epidemiology	
Transmission-Prevention of	
Transmission	
•Standard Safety	
precautions	
• Role of Nurse;	
Counseling	
• Health education and	
home care consideration.	
• National AIDS Control	
Program - NACO, various	
national and international	
agencies	
Infection control program	
• Rehabilitation. Special	
therapies, alternative	
therapies	
Nursing procedures Drugs	
5 1	

			used in treatment of		
			disorders of immune logical		
			system.	_	7
XII	20	Describe the	Nursing management of	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho	patient (adults including	Discussion	Short answers
		physiology,	elderly) with	• Explain using	Objective type
		clinical	Communicable Diseases	Charts, graphs	Assessment of
		manifestations,	Overview of infectious	• Models, films,	skills with
		diagnostic	disease, the infectious	slides	check list
		measures and	process	Demonstration	Assessment of
		management of	• Nursing Assessment-	Practice session	patient
		patients (adults	History and Physical	• Case	Management
		including	assessment	discussions/Seminar	Problem
		elderly) with	• Epidemiology, infectious	Health education	
		Communicable	process, clinical	Supervised clinical	
		Diseases.	manifestations, diagnosis,	practice	
			treatment, prevention and	• Drug book	
			dietics. Control and	Presentation	
			eradication of common		
			Communicable Diseases		
			• Tuberculosis		
			diarrhoeal diseases		
			hepatitis A - E		
			• herpes		
			• chickenpox		
			• smallpox		
			• typhoid		
			• meningitis		
			• gas gangrene		
			• leprosy.		
			• Dengue		

			• Plague		
			• Malaria		
			• Diptheria		
			• Pertussis		
			• Poliomyelitis		
			• Measles		
			• Mumps		
			• Influenza		
			• Tetanus		
			• Yellow fever		
			• Filariasis		
			• HIV, AIDS		
			• Reproductive Tract		
			Infections		
			Special infection control		
			measures: Notification,		
			Isolation, Quarantine,		
			Immunization, Infectious		
			Disease Hospitals		
			Special therapies,		
			alternative therapies		
			Nursing procedures Drugs		
			used in treatment of		
			Communicable diseases.		
XIII	25	Describe the	Peri operative nursing:	• Lecture	Essay type
		Organization and	Organization and Physical	discussion	Short answers
		physical set up	set up of the Operation	• Explain using	Objective
		of operation	Theatre	Charts, graphs	type
		theatre	(OT):	• Models, films,	Assessment of
		Identify the	- Classifications	slides	skills with
		various	- O.T. DESIGN	• Demonstration	check list

instruments and	- Staffing	Practice session
	- Members of the OT team.	
equipments used		• Supervised
for	- Duties and responsibilities	clinical practice
used for	of nurse in O.T.	• Drug book
common	- Principles of Health and	/presentation
surgical	operating room attire.	
procedures	• Instruments,	
Describe the	• Sutures and suture	
infection	materials	
control	• Equipments	
measures in	• O.T. tables and sets for	
the Operation	common surgical	
theatre	procedures	
Describe the	• Positions and draping for	
role of the	common surgical	
nurse in the	procedures	
Pen Operative	Scrubbing procedures	
nursing care	Gowning and gloving	
	• Preparation of O.T. Sets	
	Monitoring the patient	
	during surgical procedures	
	•Maintenance of	
	therapeutic environment in	
	O.T.	
	• Standard Safety measures	
	Infection control;	
	fumigation, disinfection	
	and sterilization	
	Biomedical waste	
	<ul><li>management</li><li>Prevention of accidents</li></ul>	
	• rrevention of accidents	

		and hazards in O.T	
		• Anaesthesia	
		• Types	
		• Methods of administration	
		Effects and Stages	
		• Equipments	
		• Drugs	
		Cardio Pulmonary	
		Resuscitation (CPR)	
		•Pain management	
		techniques	
		• Legal Aspects	
1	ſ		1

### **Course Outcomes**

At the completion of the course, the successful student will be prepared to:

- CO1. Examine nursing situations using standards of care, critical thinking, clinical reasoning, and evidence-based practice and aware regarding the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of various body systems
- CO2. Apply a range of knowledge to promote health and well-being and prevent complications in adults experiencing illness and disease.
- CO3. Appreciate and describe various concepts and trends in medical and surgical nursing and identifies the various role of a nurse in caring for adult patient in hospital and community and apply the nursing process to patient learning needs.
- CO4. Demonstrate professional, empathetic and therapeutic communication skills in all learning situations.
- CO5. Understand the common signs, symptoms, problems and their Specific nursing interventions related to adult patient in clinical and community settings and apply the nursing process as a basis for clinical decision-making.
- CO6. Construct and implement safe, effective, patient-centered nursing care using nursing knowledge, information technologies and research evidence.

CO7. Explore principles of collaboration and advocacy to safely provide and manage patient care.

CO8. Examine ethical and legal principles and professional standards that are foundations to nursing practice and Emulate professional behavior in all learning situations.

## Scheme of University Examination for Medical Surgical Nursing I

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Medical Surgical Nursing I shall be as given under

.Type of Questions	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

### Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult Including Geriatrics) – I (Practical)

Placement: Second Year

Time: 720 Hours

Course Code: - Nur202

Areas	Duration (in weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
General Medical ward (*Respiratory, GI, Endocrine, Renal, Hematology)	6	Provide     nursing care     to adult     patients     with     medical     disorders.     Counsel and     educate     patients and     families.	<ul> <li>Assessment of the patient         □ Taking history         □ Perform general and specific physical examination.         □ Identify alterations and deviations         ■ Practice medical surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures         ■ Administer medications         □ Oral, IV, IM, Subcutaneous         ■ IV cannulation         □ Maintenance and monitoring         ■ Oxygen therapy by various methods         ■ Nebulization         □ Chest physio therapy         ■ Naso gastric feeding         ■ Assist in common diagnostic procedures.         ■ Perform /Assist in the therapeutic procedures         ■ Blood and component therapy         ■ Throat Suctioning         ■ Collection of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plan and give care to 3-4 assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care plan-2</li> <li>Nursing case/study presentation-1</li> <li>Drug presentation-1</li> <li>Maintain drug book.</li> <li>Maintain practical record book</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill with checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of case study/ presentation.</li> <li>Completion of practical record</li> </ul>

General	6	A Provide pro	specimens for common investigations  Maintain elimination Catheterisation Bowel wash Enema Urinary drainage Maintain Intake and Output documentation Counsel and teach related to specific disease conditions	A Plan and	Assocs
General Surgical Ward (GI, Urinary, CTVS)	6	<ul> <li>Provide pre and post operativenur sing care to adult patients with surgical disorders</li> <li>Counsel andeducate patients and families</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Practice medical surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures</li> <li>Pre operative preparation of patients</li> <li>Post operative care-Receiving patient, assessment, monitoring, care</li> <li>Care of wounds and drainage</li> <li>Suture removal</li> <li>Ambulation and exercise</li> <li>Naso gastric aspiration</li> <li>Care of chest drainage</li> <li>Ostomy care         <ul> <li>Gastrostomy</li> <li>Colostomy</li> <li>Blood and component therapy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Practice universal precautions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plan and give care to - 3-4 assigned patients.</li> <li>Nursing care plan-2</li> <li>Nursing case study/ presentation - 1</li> <li>Maintain drug book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess performanc e with rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill with checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of case study/ presentatio n.</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul>
Cardiology ward	2	•Provide	Physical examination	• Plan and	• Assess
waru		nursing care	of the cardio vascular	give care to	performanc

Skin and Communicable diseases ward	1	to patients with cardiac disorders. •Counsel and educate patients and families  •Identify skin problems •Provide nursing care to patients with skin disorders	<ul> <li>system</li> <li>Recording and interpreting ECG</li> <li>Monitoring of patients</li> <li>Preparation and assisting in non-invasive and invasive diagnostic procedures</li> <li>Administer cardiac drugs</li> <li>Cardio pulmonary resuscitation</li> <li>Teach patients and families</li> <li>Practice medical and surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures</li> <li>Assessment of patients with skin disorders</li> <li>Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Administer topical medication Practice</li> </ul>	2-3 assigned patients  Nursing care plan-1  Nursing case study/ presentation/ Health Talk - 1  Maintain drug book.  Plan and give care to 2-3 assigned patients. Health Talk/ Counseling HIV positive	e with rating scale  Assess each skill with checklist  Evaluation of case study/ presentatio n/ health talk  Completion of activity record  Assess performanc e with rating scale.  Evaluation of health
Outhousetts		and communica ble diseases.  •Counsel and educate patients and families.	medical surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures  Use of personal protective equipment (PPE)  Give medicated baths  Counseling HIV positive patients  Teach prevention of infectious diseases	patients and families - 1  • Maintain drug book.	talk/ counseling session  Completion of activity record.
Orthopaedic ward	2	•Provide nursing care to patients with musculoskel	<ul> <li>Assessment of orthopaedic patients</li> <li>Assist in application of plaster cast and</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Plan and give care to -</li><li>3 assigned patients</li><li>Nursing care</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Assess performanc e with rating scale</li> <li>Assess</li> </ul>

		etal disorders •Counsel and educate patients and families	removal of cast  Apply skin traction Buck's extension traction.  Assist in application and removal of prosthesis  Physiotherapy-Range of motion exercise (ROM), muscle strengthening exercises  Crutch maneuvering technique  Activities of daily living  Ambulation  Teach and counsel patients and families	plan-1  Nursing case study/ presentation-1  Maintain drug book.	each skill with checklist • Evaluation of case study/ presentatio n. • Completion of activity record
Operation Theatre	6	•Identify instruments used in common operations •Participate in infection control practices in the operation theatre •Set – up the table/ trolley for common operative procedures •Assist in giving Anesthesia •Assist in the operative procedures	<ul> <li>Scrubbing, gowning, gloving</li> <li>Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations</li> <li>Disinfection, carbolization, fumigation</li> <li>Preparation of instrument sets for common operations</li> <li>Sterilization of sharps and other instruments</li> <li>Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation</li> <li>Positioning and monitoring of patients</li> <li>Endotracheal intubation</li> <li>Assisting in minor and major operations.</li> </ul>	Assist as a circulatory nurse in:     □ major cases − 10     □ Minor cases − 5     Assist as scrub nurse in:     □ major cases -10     □ minor cases - 5     Maintain drug book	Assess     performanc     e with     rating     scale.     Completion     of activity     record

•Provide	Handling specimens
perioperati	Disposal of waste as
e nursing	per the guidelines
care	

# Internship

Time: 260 hours (9 weeks)

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
ICU, CCU, CARDIAC OT	2	<ul> <li>To gain proficiency in ICU nursing</li> <li>Develop advance skill in special procedures used in critical care unit</li> <li>Identify potential problems and provide care accordingly</li> <li>Skill in setting and handling ventilator</li> <li>Administer injection in infusion pump</li> <li>Record accurately findings and medications</li> <li>Develop IPR with family members</li> <li>Acquint with OT technique</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assist in arterial puncture for blood gas analysis</li> <li>Perform ECG and interpret accordingly</li> <li>Conduct and analysis pulse oximetry</li> <li>Care with artificial airway</li> <li>Assist in endotracheal intubation.</li> <li>Setting up ventilator</li> <li>Giving care in ventilator</li> <li>Drug sheet</li> <li>Observation of special procedure in OT</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arterial puncture – 5</li> <li>Taking out ECG stripe- 5</li> <li>Tracheal suction- 5</li> <li>For all assigned patients</li> <li>Oxygen administrat ion by CPAP mask and use Ambu bag</li> <li>Assessment and care for all assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care of patient on ventilator</li> <li>Drug sheet</li> </ul>	Record book     Checking with supervisor
Neuro ICU, ITU, OT	2	<ul> <li>Develop skill in neurological assessment</li> <li>Give care to the</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Assess neurological status.</li><li>Implement care</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Assessment for all assigned patients</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Record book</li><li>Observation checklist</li></ul>

		patient with head injury and spinal injury  Care with chest surgery and cranial surgery	to head injury and spinal injury patients  Drug sheet Pre and post operative care of neuro surgery patients.	<ul><li>Nursing care plan-2</li><li>Drug sheet</li></ul>	
Burns and plastic Reconstructive surgery	2	<ul> <li>Assess the severity of burns</li> <li>Administer rehydration therapy</li> <li>Observe reconstructive surgery</li> </ul>	Nursing care		
OT, Laproscopic, Orthopaedic, Eye, ENT	3	<ul> <li>Identify instruments</li> <li>Assist in OT set up</li> <li>Supervise sterilization</li> <li>Assist in OT table lay out.</li> <li>Observe immediately after operation.</li> <li>Supervise infection control</li> </ul>		• Assist-5 cases	Record book.

# **Course Outcomes**

# At the completion of the course, the successful student will be prepared to:

CO1: Provide pre and post operative nursing care to adult patients with surgical disorders, counsel and educate patients and families

CO2: Identify and render nursing care to adult patients with medical disorders and apply counseling techniques

CO3: Identify, assist and supervise in OT during peri operative session

CO4: Observe and take precautions in infection control

# Scheme of University Examination for Medical Surgical Nursing I (Practical and Viva- Voce)

There shall be practical and viva- voce examination carrying 100 marks for Internal and 100 marks for External. The practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas. One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical/clinical examination for each student. Assessment methods are given in column 7 under course description.

### Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY, GENETICS

Pharmacology

Placement: Second year Time: Theory – 45 hours **Course Code:- Nur203** 

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of

pharmaco-dynamic, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Time Hours	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching – Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3	Describe pharmacodynamics, pharmacolkinetics, classification and the principles of drug administration	Introduction to Pharamcology -Definitions -Sources -Terminology used -Types: Classification -Pharmaco dynamics: Actions therapeutic -Adverse, toxic -Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, metabolism, interaction, excretion Review: Routes and principles of administration of drugs - Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal issues - Rational use of drugs - Principles of therapeutics.	-Lecture Discussion	-Short answers -Objective type
п	6	Explain	Chemotherapy	- Lecture	- Short

		chemotherapy	- Pharmacology of commonly	Discussion	answers
		of specific	used:	- Drug study or	- Objective type
		infections	Pencillin	presentation	
		and	Cephalosporins		
		infestations	Aminoglycosides		
		and	Macrolide & Broad Spectrum		
		nurse's	Antibiotics		
		responsibilities	Sulfonamides		
			Quinolones		
			Antiamoebic		
			Antimalarials		
			Anthelmintics		
			Antiscabies agents		
			Antiviral & anti fungal agents		
			Antitubercular drugs		
			Anti leprosy drugs		
			Anticancer drugs		
			Immuno suppressants		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route, indications,		
			contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects toxicity and role of nurse.		
III	2	Describe	Pharmacology of commonly	- Lecture	- Short answers
		Antiseptics,	used antiseptics, disinfectants	Discussion	- Objective Type
		disinfectants,	and insecticides	-Drug study or	
		insecticides	- Antiseptics;	presentation	
		and	Composition, action, dosage,		
		nurse's	route,		
		responsibilities	indications, contraindications,		

			drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of		
			nurse.		
			- Disinfectants		
			- insecticides.		
IV	2	Describe	Drugs acting on G.I.System	- Lecture	- Short answers
		Drugs	- Pharmacology of commonly	Discussion	- Objective Type
		acting on	used -	- Drug study or	
		Gastro	•Antiemetics,	presentation	
		Intestinal	• Emetics		
		system and	• Purgatives		
		nurse's	• Antacids		
		responsibilities	Cholinergic		
			Anticholinergies		
			Fluid and electrolyte therapy		
			Anti diarrhoeals		
			• Histamines		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route indications,		
			contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects toxicity and role of nurse.		
V	2	Describe	Drugs used on Respiratory	- Lecture	- Short
		Drugs used on	Systems	Discussion	Answers
		Respiratory	- Pharmacology of commonly	- Drug Study	- Objective
		systems and	used.	or presentation	type
		nurse's	• Antiasthmatics		
		responsibilities	Mucolytics		
	_		• Decongestants		

			• Expectorants		
			• Antitussives		
			Bronchodilators		
			Broncho constrictors		
			• Antihistamines		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route,		
			indications, contraindications,		
			drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of		
			nurse.		
VI	2	Describe	Drugs used on Urinary system	- Lecture	- Short answers
		Drugs used on	- Pharmacology of commonly	Discussion	- Objective type
		Urinary	used.	- Drug	
		System and	• Diuretics and antidiuretics	Study or	
		nurse's	• Urinary antiseptics	presentation	
		responsibilities	Cholinergic and		
			anticholinergics		
			Acidifiers and alkalanizers		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route,		
			indications, contraindications,		
			drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of		
			nurse.		
VII	4	Describe	Miscellaneous	- Lecture	- Short answers
		Drugs used in	Drugs used in de-addiction	Discussion	- Objective type
		Deaddiction,	• Drugs used in CPR and	- Drug	
		emergency,	emergency	Study or	

		deficiency of	Vitamins and minerals	presentation	
		vitamins &	• Immunosuppresants		
		minerals,	Antidotes		
		poisoning for	Antivenom		
		immunization and	Vaccines and sera		
		immunosuppression			
		and nurse's			
		responsibilities			
VIII	1	Describe	Drugs used on skin and	- Lecture	- Short answers
		Drugs used on	mucous	Discussion	- Objective type
		skin	membranes	- Drug Study	
		mucous	- Topical applications for skin,	or presentation	
		membranes	eye,ear, nose and bucal cavity		
		and nurse's	Antiprurities		
		responsibilities	-Composition, action, dosage,		
			route, indications,		
			contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of		
			nurse.		
IX	8	Describe	Drugs acting on Nervous	-Lecture	- Short Answers
		Drugs used on	System	Discussion	- Objective Type
		Nervous	- Basic & appplied	- Drug Study	
		System and	pharmacology of commonly	or presentation	
		nurse's	used:		
		responsibilities	- Analgesics and Anaesthetics		
			Analgesics		
			- Non steroidal anti-		
			inflammatory		
			(NSAID) drugs		
			Antipyretics		

			Hypnotics and Sedatives		
			- Opioids		
			- Non-Opioids		
			- Tranquilizers		
			- General & local anesthetics		
			- Gases: oxygen, nitrous		
			oxide, carbon-dioxide		
			Cholinergic and		
			anticholinergics:		
			- Muscle relaxants		
			- Major tranquilizers		
			- Anti-psychotics		
			- Antidepressants		
			- Anticonvulsants		
			- Adrenergics		
			- Noradregenics'		
			- Mood stabilizers		
			- Acetycholine		
			- Stimulants		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route		
			indications, contraindications,		
			drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects.		
			toxicity and role of nurse.		
X	5	Describe	Cardio vascular drugs	- Lecture	- Short
		Drugs used on	Haematinics	Discussion	Answers
		Cardiovascular	Cardiotonics	- Observational	- Objective
		System and	Anti anginals	Visits	type
		nurse's	Anti-hypertensives &		

		responsibilities	Vasodilators		
			Anti-arrhythmics		
			Plasma expanders		
			Coagulants & anticoagulants		
			Antiplatelets & thrombolytics		
			Hypolipidemics		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route		
			indications, contraindications,		
			drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects		
			toxicity and role of nurse.		
XI	4	Describe	Drugs used for hormonal	- Lecture	- Short Answers
		drugs used for	disorders	Discussion	- Objective Type
		hormonal disorders	and supplementation,	- Drug Study	
		and	contraception	or presentation	
		supplementatio	and medical termination of		
		n,	pregnancy		
		contraception	• Insulins & oral hypoglycemics		
		and	Thyroid supplements and		
		medical	suppressants		
		termination	Steroids, Anabolics		
		of pregnancy	Uterine stimulants and		
		and	relaxants		
		nurse's	Oral contraceptives		
		responsibilities	Other estrogen-progestrone		
			preparations		
			• Corticotrophine &		
			Gonadotropines		
			Andrenaline		

			• Prostaglandins		
			Calcitonins		
			• Calcium salts.		
			Calcium regulators		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route		
			indications, contraindications,		
			drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects		
			toxicity and role of nurse.		
XII	6	Demonstrate	Introduction to Drugs used in	- Lecture	- Short Answers
		awareness of	alternative systems of	Discussion	- Objective Type
		the	medicine:	- Observational	
		common drugs	Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani	Visits	
		used	And Sidha etc.		
		in alternative			
		system			
		of medicine			

# Pathology

Placement: Second Year B.Sc Nursing

Time: - 30 hours

**Course Code: - Nur203** 

Course Description: - This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of

pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

	Ti	me				
Unit			Learning	Content	Teaching –	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Learning	Methods
	Hours	Hours			Activities	
				Introduction	• Lecture	• Short
I	3	-	• Define the	• Importance of the study	Discussion	answers
			common terms	of pathology	• Explain using	• Objective
			used in	• Definition of terms	charts	type
			pathology	• Methods and		
			Appreciate	techniques		
			the	• Cellular and Tissue		
			deviations	changes		
			from	• Infiltration and		
			normal to	regeneration		
			abnormal	• Inflammations and		
			structure and	Infections		
			functions of	• Wound healing		
			the	• Vascular changes		
			body system.	- Cellular growth,		
				Neoplasms		
				• Normal and Cancer		
				cell		
				Benign and Malignant		
				growths		
				• In situ carcinoma		

				- Disturbances of fluid		
				and electrolyte		
				Imbalance.		
II	10	5	Explain	Special pathology	• Lecture	• Short
			Pathological	• Pathological changes in	Discussion	answers
			changes in	disease	Explain using	• Objective
			disease	conditions of various	charts, slides	type
			conditions of	systems:	specimen,	
			various system	• Respiratory tract	X-rays and	
				- Tuberculosis,	Scans	
				Bronchitis.	Visit to	
				Pleural effusion and	Pathology	
				pneumonia	lab,	
				- Lung abscess,	endoscopy	
				emphysema,	unit and OT	
				bronchectasis		
				- Bronchial asthma,		
				Chronic		
				obstructive Pulmonary		
				disease &		
				tumours.		
				• Cardio-vascular system		
				- Pericardial effusion		
				- Rheumatic heart disease		
				- Infective endocarditis		
				atherosclerosis		
				- Ischemia, infarction &		
				aneurysm		
				• Gastro Intestinal Tract		
				- Peptic ulcer, typhoid		
				- Carcinoma of GI tract,		

Invest Post 1	
buccal, Esophageal,	
- Gastric & intestinal	
• Liver, Gall bladder &	
<u>pancreas</u>	
- Hepatitis, Chronic liver,	
abscess,	
cirrhosis	
- Tumours of liver, gall	
bladder and	
pancreas	
- Cholecystitis	
• Kidney & Urinary tract	
-Glomerulonephritis	
-Pyelonephritis	
-Calculi	
-Renal Failure	
-Renal Carcinoma	
-Cystitis	
• Male genital systems.	
- Cryptorchidism,	
testicular atrophy	
- Prostatic hyperplasia,	
carcinoma	
Penis & prostate	
• Female genital system	
- Fibroids	
- Carcinoma cervix and	
Endometrium	
- Vesicular mole,	
choriocarcinoma	

				- Ectopic gestation		
				- Ovarian cyst & tumors		
				- Breast Cancer		
				• Central Nervous system		
				- Hydrocephalus,		
				Meningitis,		
				encephalitis,		
				- Vascular disorders -		
				thrombosis,		
				embolism		
				- Stroke, paraplegia,		
				quadriplegia		
				- Tumours,		
				Meningiomas - gliomas		
				Metastatic tumour		
				• Skeletal system		
				- Bone healing,		
				osteoporosis		
				osteomyelitis		
				Arthritis & tumours		
				Clinical Pathology		
III	4	3	Describe	Various blood and bone	• Lecture	Short
			various	marrow tests	Discussion	answers
			laboratory	in assessment and	Demonstratio	- Objective
			tests	monitoring of	n	Type
			in assessment	disease conditions.	• Visits to	
			and	- Hemoglobin	Clinical	
			monitoring	- RBC, White cell &	pathology &	
			of disease	platelet counts	Bio-chemistry	
			conditions.	- Bleeding time, clotting	lab and Blood	
				time and	bank	

				prothrombine time		
				- Blood grouping and		
				cross matching		
				- Blood chemistry		
				- Blood culture		
				- Serological and		
				immunological tests		
				- Other blood tests		
				- Examination of Bone		
				marrow		
				- Methods of collection of		
				blood		
				specimen for various		
				clinical		
				pathology, biochemistry,		
				microbiology tests,		
				inference and		
				normal values.		
IV	2	1	Describe the	Examination of body	-Lecture	-Short
			laboratory	cavity fluids,	Discussion	answers
			tests	transudates and exudates	Demonstration	- Objective
			for	• The laboratories tests		type
			examination	used in CSF		
			of body cavity	analysis		
			fluids,	• Examination of other		
			transudates	body cavity		
			and exudates	fluids, transudates and		
				exudates -		
				sputum, wound		
				discharge etc.		
				discharge etc.		

				Analysis of gastric and		
				duodenal		
				contents		
				• Analysis of semensperm		
				count,		
				motility and		
				morphology and their		
				importance in infertility		
				Methods of collection		
				of CSF and other cavity fluids		
				specimen for		
				various clinical		
				pathology, biochemistry		
				microbiology tests,		
				inference and		
				normal values.		
V	1	1	Describe the	Urine and faeces	Lecture	Short
			laboratory	• Urine	Discussion	answers
			tests	- Physical characteristics	-	- Objective
			for	- Analysis	Demonstration	Type
			examination	- Culture and sensitivity		
			of Urine and	• Faeces		
			faeces.	- Characteristics		
				- Stool examination:		
				occult blood,		
				ova, parasite and cyst,		
				reducing substance etc.		
				Methods of collection		
				for various, tests, inference and		
				normal values.		
		<u> </u>				

## Genetics

Placement - Second year B.Sc Nursing

Time: Theory – 15 Hours Course Code: - Nur203

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of

genetics, its role in causation ad management of defects and diseases.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching —	Assessment
Ome	(Hours)	Objectives	Content	Learning	Methods
	(110urs)	Objectives		_	Methods
	_			Activities	
I	3	Explain nature,	Introduction	*Lecture	*Short
		principles and	Practical application of	Discussion	answers
		perspectives of	genetics in nursing	*Explain	*Objective
		heredity	Impact of genetic condition	using charts,	type
			on families	slides	
			Review of cellular division		
			mitosis and meiosis		
			Characteristics and structure		
			of genes		
			• Chromosomes – sex		
			determination		
			Chromosomal aberrations		
			Patterns of inheritance		
			<ul><li>Mendalian theory of</li></ul>		
			inheritance		
			<ul> <li>Multiple allots and</li> </ul>		
			blood groups		
			Sex linked inheritance		
			<ul><li>Mechanism of</li></ul>		
			inheritance		
			<ul><li>Errors in transmission</li></ul>		
			( mutation)		

II	3	Explain	Maternal, prenatal and genetic	*Lecture	*Short
		maternal,	influences on development of	Discussion	answers
		prenatal and	defects and diseases	*Explain	*Objective
		genetic	• Conditions affecting the	using charts,	type
		influences on	mother: genetics and	slides	
		development of	infections.		
		defects and	Consanguinity atopy		
		diseases.	Prenatal nutrition and food		
			allergies		
			Maternal age		
			Maternal drug therapy		
			Prenatal testing and diagnosis		
			Effect of radiation, drugs and		
			chemicals		
			Infertility		
			Spontaneous abortion		
			Neural tube defects and role		
			of folic acid in lowering the		
			risk		
			Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)		
III	2	Explain the	Genetic testing in neonates and	*Lecture	*Short
		screening	children	Discussion	answers
		methods for	Screening for Congenital	*Explain	*Objective
		genetic defects	abnormalities	using charts,	type
		and diseases in	*Development delay	slides	
		neonates and	*Dysmorphism		

		children			
IV	2	Identify genetic	Genetic condition of adolescents	*Lecture	*Short
		disorders in	and adults	Discussion	answers
		adolescents and	Cancer genetics – familial	*Explain	*Objective
		adults.	cancer	using charts,	type
			Inborn errors of metabolism	slides	
			Blood group alleles and		
			hematological disorder		
			Genetic haemochromatosis		
			Huntington's disease		
			Mental illness		
V	5	Describe the	Services related to Genetics	*Lecture	*Short
		role of nurse in	Genetic testing	Discussion	answers
		genetic services	Human genome project		*Objective
		and counseling	Gene therapy		type
			The Eugenics movements		
			Genetic counseling		
			Legal and ethical issues role		
			of nurse.		

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Explain how the fundamental pharmacological properties of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics influence roots of administration
- CO2. Describe the process by which new drugs are discovered, developed, tested, and finally approved by the federal drug administration for use in the clinic.
- CO3. Apply principles of normal anatomy and physiology of human body systems to the patho-physiological processes and common health problems

- CO4. Explain how a patients' family history or pedigree can help nurses identify a disease trend such as breast cancer and blood clotting disorders.
- CO5. Describe four essential activities related to genetics and genomics related to health care.
- CO6. Students would have studied the composition, action, dosage, indications, contraindications, side-effects, and root of drugs used in respiratory system, urinary system, gastro-intestinal system, nervous system, skin, and mucus membrane.
- CO7. Students would have studied conditions, affecting the mother, baby, and their genetic influence on development.
- CO8. Describe four essential activities related to genetics and genomics related to health care.

## Scheme of University Examination for Pharmacology

There shall be one paper of three hours duration for pharmacology, pathology and genetics, carrying 75 marks. Section A- shall be Pharmacology carrying 38 marks and section B- of Pathology of 25 and Genetics with 12 marks. The distribution of type of questions and marks shall be as under. There shall be no practical examination.

#### Distribution of Type of Questions and Marks for Pharmacology (Section A)

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	1	10	10
Short Essay (SE)	4	5	20
Short Answer (SA)	4	2	8
Total Marks			38

## Distribution of Type of Questions and Marks for Pathology and Genetics (Section B)

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	1	10	10
Short Essay (SE)	3	5	15
Short Answer (SA)	6	2	12
Total Marks			37

## Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# **Community Health Nursing – I**

Placement: Second year

Time: Theory: 90 Hours, Practical: 135 Hours

Course code: - Nur204

Course description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of

promotion and maintenance of health.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hours)	Objectives		Learning	methods
				Activities	
I	2	Describe	Introduction	*Lecture	*Short
		Concept and	* Community health nursing	discussion	answers
		dimensions of	*Definition, concept and		
		health	dimensions of health		
			*Promotion of health		
			* Maintenance of health		
II	20	Describe	Determinants of health	*Lecture	*Essay
		determinants of	* Eugenics	discussion	type
		health	* Environment	* Explain	·*Short
			* Physical: Air, light,	using	answers
			Ventilation, Water, Housing,	Charts,	*Objective
			Sanitation;	graphs,	type
			disposal of waste, disposal	Models,	
			of dead bodies, Forestation,	films, slides	
			Noise, Climate,	*Visits to	
			Communication: -	water	
			infrastructure facilities and	supply,	
			Linkages	sewage	
			☐ Acts regulating the	disposal,	
			environment. National	milk plants,	
			Pollution control board	slaughter	
			Bacterial &viral : Agents,	house etc.	
			Host carriers and immunity		

			*Food hygiene: Production,		
			Preservation, Purchase,		
			Preparation, consumption		
			*Acts regulating food		
			hygiene prevention of food		
			adulteration act, Drugs and		
			cosmetic act		
			*Socio- cultural		
			-Customs, taboos		
			-Marriage system		
			-Family structure		
			Status of special groups;		
			females, children, elderly,		
			challenged groups and sick		
			persons		
			*Life style		
			*Hygiene		
			*Physical activity		
			- Recreation and sleep		
			-sexual life		
			Spiritual life philosophy		
			Self reliance		
			-Dietary pattern		
			Education		
			Occupation		
			*Financial management		
			*Income		
			*Budget		
			* Purchasing power		
			*Security		
III	10	Describe	Epidemiology	*Lecture	*Essay type

		concept,	*Definition, concept, aims,	discussion	*Short
		scope, uses	scope, uses and terminology	*Explain	answers
		methods and	used in epidemiology	Using Charts,	
		approaches of	*Dynamics of disease	graphs	
		epidemiology	transmission: epidemiological	*Models,	
			triad	films,	
			*Morbidity and mortality:	slides	
			measurements		
			*Levels of prevention		
			*Methods of epidemiology of		
			Descriptive,		
			<ul> <li>Analytical: Epidemic</li> </ul>		
			Investigation		
			<ul><li>Experimental</li></ul>		
IV	25	Describe	Epidemiology and nursing	*Lecture	*Essay
		Epidemiol	management of common	discussion	type
		ogy and	Communicable Diseases	*Explain	*Short
		nursing	* Respiratory infections	using	answers
		manageme	· Small Pox	Charts,	*Objective
		nt of	· Chicken Pox	graphs	type
		common	· Measles	*Models,	
		Communic	· Influenza	films,	
		able	· Rubella	slides	
		diseases	· ARI & Pneumonia	*Seminar	
			· Mumps	*Supervised	
			· Diphtheria	field	
			· Whooping cough	Practice health	
			Meningococcal meningitis	centers,	
			• Tuberculosis	clinics	
			• SARS	and	
			• Intestinal Infections	homes	

1	T	Lita
	• Poliomyelitis	*Group
	Viral Hepatitis	projects/
	Cholera	Health
	Diarrhoeal diseases	education
	Typhoid Fever	
	Food poisoning	
	• Amoebiasis	
	Hook worm infection	
	Ascariasis	
	Dracunculiasis	
	Arthropod infections	
	Dengue	
	Malaria	
	• Filariasis	
	• Zoonoses	
	Viral	
	• Rabies	
	Yellow fever	
	Japanese encephalitis	
	Kyasnur Forest Disease	
	Kyasnur Forest Disease	
	Kyasnur Forest Disease     Bacterial	
	<ul><li>Kyasnur Forest Disease</li><li>Bacterial</li><li>Brucellosis</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Kyasnur Forest Disease</li> <li>Bacterial</li> <li>Brucellosis</li> <li>Plague</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Kyasnur Forest Disease</li> <li>Bacterial</li> <li>Brucellosis</li> <li>Plague</li> <li>Human Salmonellosis</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Kyasnur Forest Disease</li> <li>Bacterial</li> <li>Brucellosis</li> <li>Plague</li> <li>Human Salmonellosis</li> <li>Anthrax</li> </ul>	
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			Tick typhus		
			• Q fever		
			Parasitic zoonoses		
			Taeniasis		
			Hydatid disease		
			<ul> <li>Leishmaniasis</li> </ul>		
			Surface infection		
			Trachoma		
			• Tetanus		
			• Leprosy		
			STD & RTI		
			• Yaws		
			HIV/AIDS		
			Any other		
V	10	Describe	<b>Epidemiology and Nursing</b>	*Lecture	*Essay
		Epidemiology	management of Non	discussion	type
		And nursing	communicable diseases	* Explain using	*Short
		management	Malnutrition: under nutrition,	Charts,	answers
		of common	over nutrition, nutritional	graphs	*Objective
		Non-	deficiencies	*Models,	type
		communicable	*Obestity	films, slides	
		diseases	* Anaemia	*Seminar	
			*Hypertension	*Supervised	
			* Stroke	field practice	
			* Rheumatic Heart Disease	health	
			* Coronary Heart Disease	centers,	
			* Cancer	clinics and	
			* Diabetes mellitus	homes	
			*Blindness	* Group	
			*Accidents	projects/	

			* Mental illness	Health	
			* Iodine Deficiency	education	
			*Flurosis		
			*Epilepsy		
VI	6	*Describe the	Demography	*Lecture	*Essay
		Concepts and	• Definition, concept and	discussion	type
		scope of	scope	*Community	*Short
		demography	• Methods of collection,	identification	answers
		* Describe	analysis and interpretation	survey	*Objective
		methods of data	of demographic data		type
		collection,	• Demographic rates and		*Assessment
		analysis and	ratios		of Survey
		interpretation			report
		of demographic			
		data			
VII	17	Identify the	Population and its Control	*Lecture	*Essay
		impact of	<ul> <li>Population explosion and</li> </ul>	discussion	type
		population	its impact on social,	* Population	*Short
		explosion in	economic development of	survey	answers
		India	individual, society and country	* Counseling	*Objective
		• Describe	Population control	*Demonstration	type
		methods	Overall development: women	* Practice	*Assessment
		of	empowerment, social,	session	of Survey
		population	economic and educational	*Supervised	report
		control	development	field	
			• Limiting family size:	practice	
			* Promotion of small family		
			norm		
			* Methods: spacing (natural,		
			biological, chemical,		
			mechanical methods etc.)		

	* Terminal: surgical methods	
	* Emergency contraception	

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the concepts of community health and community health nursing
- CO2. Understand the various factors influencing health in thecommunity
- CO3. Understand the concept, scope, uses and methods of epidemiology
- CO4. Understand the epidemiology and nursing management of common communicable diseases.
- CO5. Understand the concept and scope of demography
- CO6. Understand the impact of population explosion and population control
- CO7. Differentiate between levels of prevention and uses and scope of epidemiology
- CO8. Get to know about determinants of health and understand the different environmental factors affect the health of an individual

## Scheme of University Examination for Community Health Nursing I

There shall be one theory paper of three hours duration carrying 75 marks. Distribution of type of questions and marks for Community Health Nursing I shall be as given under.

<b>Type of Questions</b>	No. of Questions	Marks	Sub – total
Long Essay (LE)	2	10	20
Short Essay (SE)	7	5	35
Short Answer (SA)	10	2	20
Total Marks			75

#### Note:-

- 1. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Internal and External papers separately.
- 2. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 3. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award degree
- 4. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 5. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 6. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 7. A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

# Community Health Nursing I – Practical Placement: Second Year

Time: Practical – 135 hours

Course code: Nur204 (Pr)

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Community health nursing	2 wks urban and 2 wks rural	<ul> <li>Build and Maintain rapport</li> <li>Identify demographic characteristics, health determinants &amp; community health resources</li> <li>Diagnose health needs of individual and families</li> <li>Provide primary care in health centre</li> <li>Counsel &amp; educate individual, family &amp; community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use techniques of interpersonal relationship</li> <li>Identification of health determinants of community</li> <li>History taking</li> <li>Physical examination</li> <li>Collect specimens- sputum, malaria smear</li> <li>Perform simple lab tests at centre - blood for Haemoglobin and sugar, urine for albumin and sugar</li> <li>Administer vaccines and medications to adults</li> <li>Counsel and teach individual, family and community</li> <li>Nutrition</li> <li>Hygiene</li> <li>Self health monitoring</li> <li>Seeking health services</li> <li>Healthy life style</li> <li>Family welfare methods</li> <li>Health promotion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To work with 2 assigned families each in urban &amp; rural</li> <li>Family study -1</li> <li>Observation report of community - 1</li> <li>Health talks 2 (1 in urban &amp; in rural)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess clinical performance with rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill with checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of family study, observation report and health talk</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul>

## Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Build and Maintain rapport by using the techniques of inter-personal relationship
- CO2. Identify demographic characteristics, health determinants & community health resources for the identification
- CO3. Diagnose health needs of individual and families to provide primary care in health centre
- CO4. Counsel & educate individual, family & community regarding diet, hygiene and self health monitoring

## **Communication & Educational Technology**

Placement: Second year

Time – 90 hrs (Theory: 60 Hours, Practical: 30 Hours)

**Course Code:-Nur205** 

**Course Description:** This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching individuals and groups in clinical, community health and educational settings.

	Time				Te	aching –		
Unit	th.	Pr.	Learning	Content	lea	rning	As	sessment
	Hours	Hours	objectives		ac	tivities	Mo	ethods
I	5			<b>Review of Communication</b>				
			Describe the	<u>Process</u>	•	Lecture	•	Respond to
			communication	• Process; elements And		Discussion		critical
			process identify	channel	•	Role plays		incidents
			techniques of	Facilitators	•	Exercises	•	Short
			effective	Barriers and methods of		with		answers
			communication	overcoming		audio/video	•	Objective
				Techniques.		tapes		type
II	5			Interpersonal relations	•	Lecture	•	Short
			Establish	• Purpose & types		Discussion		Answer
			effective inter-	• Phases	•	Role Plays	•	Objective
			personal	Barriers & methods of	•	Exercises		type
			relations with	overcoming		with		
			patients,	Johari Window		audio/video		
			families & co-			tapes		
			workers		•	Process		
						recording		
III	5			Human relations	•	Lecture	•	Short
			Develop	Understanding self		Discussion		Answer
			effective human	• Social behaviour,	•	Sociometry	•	Objective

		1	relations	in	motivation, social attitudes		Group		type
						•	Group		type
			context	of	• Individual and groups		games	•	Respond to
			nursing		• Groups & individual		Psycho		test based
					• Human relations in context		metric		on critical
					of nursing		exercise		incidents
					Group dynamics		followed		
					Team work		by		
							discussion		
IV	10	5			Guidance & counseling	•	Lecture	•	Short
			Develop	basic	Definition		Discussion		Answer
			skill	of	Purpose, scope and need	•	Role play	•	Objective
			counseling	and	Basic principles		on		type
			guidance		• Organization of		counseling	•	Assess
					counseling services		in different		performance
					• Types of counseling		situations		in role play
					approaches		followed		situations
					• Role and preparation of		by		
					counselor		discussion		
					Issues for counseling in				
					nursing: students and				
					practitioners				
					• Counseling process —				
					steps & techniques,				
					tools of counselor				
					<ul> <li>Managing disciplinary problems</li> </ul>				
					Management of crisis &				
					referral				

V	5		Describe	the	Principles of education &	• Lecture.	•	Short
			philosophy	&	teaching learning process	Discussion		Answer
			principles	of	• Education: meaning,	Prepare	•	Objective
			Education		philosophy, aims, functions	lesson plan		type
			Explain	the	& principles	Micro	•	Assess
			teaching		Nature and Characteristics	teaching		lesson plans
			learning pro	cess	of learning	Exercise on		& teaching
					• Principles and maxims of	writing		sessions
					teaching,	Objectives		Sessions
					• Formulating objectives;	Objectives		
					general and specific			
					• Lesson planning			
					Classroom management			
VI	10	10	Demonstrat	e	Methods of teaching	Lecture	•	Short
			teaching	skill	• Lecture, demonstration,	Discussion		Answer
			using var	rious	group discussion,	• Conduct 5	•	Objective
			teaching.		seminar symposium,	teaching		type
			methods	in	panel discussion, role	sessions	•	Assess
			clinical,		play, project, field trip,	using		teaching
			classroom	and	workshop, exhibition,	different		sessions
			community		programmed instruction,	methods &		
			settings		computer assisted	media		
					learning, micro teaching			
					problem based learning,			
					Self instructional			
					module and simulation			
					etc.			
					Clinical teaching methods:			
					Case method, nursing round			
					& reports, bedside clinic,			
					conference (individual &			

				group) process recording.				
VII	10	8	Prepare and use different type of educational media effectively		•	Lecture, discussions , Demonstrat ion Prepare different teaching aids- Projected and non- projected.	•	Short answers Objective Type Assess the teaching aids prepared.
VIII	5	7	Prepare different	Assessment:  • Purpose and scope of	•	Lecture, Discussion	•	Short answers
			types of	evaluation and		S,	•	Objective

	<u> </u>			1			<del>,                                    </del>
		questions for	assessment	•	Exercise on		types
		assessment of	• Criteria for selection of		writing	•	Assess the
		knowledge,	assessment techniques		different		strategies
		skills and	and methods		types of		used in
		attitudes	• Assessment of		assessment		practice
			knowledge:		tools.		teaching
			Essay type questions				sessions and
			Short answer questions				exercise
			(SAQ). Multiple Choice				sessions
			Questions (MCQ).				
			• Assessment of skills:				
			Observation Check List,				
			Practical Exam, Viva,				
			Objective Structured				
			clinical examination				
			(OSCE)				
			• Assessment of attitude:				
			Attitude scales.				
IX	5	Teach	Information, Education &	•	Lecture	•	Short
		individuals,	communication for health		Discussion		Answer
		groups and	(IEC)	•	Plan &	•	Objective
		communities	• Health behaviour &		conduct		type
		about health	health education		health	•	Assess the
		with their active	• Planning for health		education,	pla	nning &
		participation	education		sessions for	coı	nduct of the
			• Health education with		individuals,	edi	ucational
			individuals, groups &		group &	ses	ssion
			communities		communiti		
			• Communicating health		es		
			messages				

		•	Methods & media for	
			communicating health	
			messages	
		•	Using mass media	

Through this course the students will be able to:

- CO1. Identify the common error and rectify them.
- CO2. To develops standard and accreditation process in nursing education program.
- CO3. To develop basic skills in guidance and counseling
- CO4. To develop effective human relation in context to nursing
- CO5. To develops teaching skills by using various teaching methods.
- CO6. Establish the effective interpersonal relations with patients, families and coworkers.
- CO7. Acquire knowledge and develop skills regarding teaching by using various teaching methods in clinical, classroom and community settings.
- CO8. Explore the different types of questions for assessment of knowledge, skills and attitudes.

#### Scheme of University Examination for Communication and Educational Technology

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